TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

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| One square, or less, | $4 00 | $6 00 | $10 00 |
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Professional and Business Cards not exceeding six lines, One year.....$5 00
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☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are also increased.


## COURT AFFAIRS.

*NOVEMBER TERM*, 1865.

TRIAL LIST,

NOVEMBER TERM, 1865

FIRST WEEK.

| | |
|---|---|
| Jno H. Stonebraker's ad'rs | vs David Stewart, et al. |
| Dr. P. Shoenberger's ex'rs | vs Wilson & Lorenze. |
| Charles Trimble | vs John Denny. |
| Morris, Tasker & Co. | vs Harrison & Mattern. |
| Jacob Cresswell | vs F. H. Lane. |
| Eliza Young | vs A. Wise, et al. |
| Matthew Simpson | vs D. L. Etzler. |

SECOND WEEK.

| | |
|---|---|
| Samuel Beverly | vs John Beverly. |
| S. L. Glasgow, for use, | vs Mary Gibbony's executors. |
| D. H. Stevens, for use, | vs Harriet N. Glasgow. |
| John Black & Co. | vs Catharine Trickler, |
| R. C. McGill | vs Benjamin Cross. |
| Robert Thompson | vs Daniel Whittaker. |
| Shorb, Stewart & Co. | vs J. H Shoenberger's adm'rs |
| Mary DeArmitt | vs Nicholas Cresswell. |
| John Bell, et al, | vs Morgan & Gifford. |
| Michael McCabe | vs Jeremiah Norris. |
| B. M. Jones & Co. | vs James Clarke. |
| Michael Scanlan | vs R. B. Wigton. |

W. C. WAGONER, Prothonotary.

GRAND JURORS.

Edmund Book, farmer, Tell
Sterret Cummins, farmer, Jackson
David G. Corbin, farmer, Juniata
John Davis, farmer, Morris
Reuben Duff, farmer, Barree
Barlets Eby, blacksmith Brady
Samuel Foust, farmer, Henderson
Joseph Green, clerk, Brady
T. B. Hyskill, farmer, Warriorsmark
Isaac Hopkins, farmer, Warriorsmark
Tobias Harnish, M. D. Alexandria
John M. Leech, mill wright, Franklin
S. B. Lynn, farmer, Springfield
J. McCahan, gentleman, Huntingdon
J. McWilliams, farmer, Franklin
Edwin Neff, farmer, Warriorsmark
Samuel Pheasant, carpenter, Carbon
J. P. Read, farmer, Carbon
John Read, druggist, Huntingdon
John Shauk, farmer, Warriorsmark
Valentine Smith, farmer, Tell
G. M. Spanogle, clerk, Shirley
Jonathan Teague, farmer, Cromwell
Solomon Troutwine, farmer, Barree

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Daniel Brumbaugh, farmer, Hopewell
Jonathan Barnet, farmer, Tod
C. Barrack, carpenter, Shirleysburg
David Barrack, farmer, West
John Booher, farmer, Cromwell
S. Brumbaugh, farmer, Penn
Thomas Colder, farmer, Porter
Wm. Christy, J. P. Alexandria
Hans Campbell, farmer, Cromwell
Thomas Cloyd, grocer, Cromwell
Elijah Curfman, farmer, Cass
John Duff, farmer, Jackson
James Devor, farmer, Clay
Adin B. Dean, farmer, Juniata
John Fouse, farmer, Hopewell
Charles Green, farmer, Juniata
David Green, farmer, Cromwell
Joseph Gibboney, farmer, Barree
B. Graffus, gentleman, Huntingdon
John Gosnell, farmer, Cass
Daniel Grazier, farmer, Warriorsmark
P. Harris, inn-keeper, Shirleysburg
John Heffner, farmer, Walker
T. Henderson, farmer, Warriorsmark
Solomon Hamer, farmer, West
Wm. Hildebrand, farmer, Shirley
Peter Harnish, farmer, Morris
Asahael Hight, laborer, Huntingdon
John Hawn of Jacob, farmer, Juniata
Wm. Harper, J. P., Dublin
S. Isenberg, carpenter, Alexandria
Joseph Krider, farmer, Warriorsmark
John Kitterman, clerk, Tod
M. Myers, farmer, Cromwell
Jos. Nerahoof, farmer, Warriorsmark
Eli Plummer, farmer, Tod
Wm. Quinn, shoemaker, West
Jonah J. Reed, butcher, Carbon
George Rudy, farmer, Jackson
Jacob Stouffer, farmer, Warriorsmark
Jesse Shore, farmer, Cass
George Stever, farmer, Cass
Henry Swoope, farmer, Porter
David Stewart, farmer, Morris
John Smith, farmer, Barree
S. P. Smith, farmer, Union
J. B. Thompson, farmer, Franklin
Edward J. Little, inn-keeper, Jackson

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Adan Auman, farmer, Hopewell
David Beyer, farmer, Shirley
I. Bumgardner, blacksmith, Walker
Simon Bayles, farmer, Henderson
Joseph Cornelius, farmer, Cromwell
Wm. Cornelius, farmer, Clay
Jos. Carmon, merchant, Huntingdon
Henry Cornpropst, farmer, Barree
Jesse Cook, farmer, Carbon
Saml. Carothers, merchant, Shirley
Wm. Dysart, farmer, Franklin
Levi Dell, jr., butcher, Union
Andrew Donaldson, farmer, Carbon
Jonathan Evans, farmer, Tod
M. Flenner, wagon maker, Walker.
Wm. Fraker, merchant, Shirleysburg
Alexander Gettis, farmer, Barree
Wm. Geissinger, farmer, Juniata
John Geissinger, teacher, Penn
Daniel Harnish, farmer, Hopewell
Franklin Harrison, farmon, Shirley
Henry Henderson, farmer, Clay
Samuel McCord, farmer, Jackson
Samuel Mosser, farmer, West
Peter Myers, P. M. Shileysburg.
David Mong, farmer, Warriorsmark
Benjamin Neff, farmer, Porter
James Oaks, farmer, Jackson
Elliott Robley, farmer, Brady
Andrew Smith, farmer, Oneida
Amos Smith, farmer, Cass
James Shiveley, farmer, West
John A. Shultz, farmer, Henderson
Daniel Troutwine, farmer, Jackson
Jonathan R. Wilson, farmer, West
John Baker of Israel, carpenter, Tod


**Great Remedies.**

Prof. McEntyre's Great Remedies—the Indian Compound, the Dandelion Pills, and the Indian Vegetable Worm Destroyer—for sale at Lewis' Book Store, Huntingdon.

**Revenue Stamps**

From 1 cent to $10, always on hand and for sale at Lewis' Book Store.—Orders by mail, accompanied with the cash for stamps and *postage*, will receive prompt attention.

**Gold Pens & Pencils,**

The best assortment of the handsomest and best styles, for sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf

☞ Justices' and Constables' Fee Bills for sale at Lewis' Book Store.



# The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXI. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1865. NO. 20.



THE GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
BILL HEADS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BALL TICKETS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C.

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK, AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.


THE WONDERFUL SPRING AT ANDERSONVILLE.—We copy the following from the Vermont *Chronicle*. Mr. F. C. Grant, who was a member of battery A, of the 11th Vermont Regiment, and who spent four months within the stockade at Andersonville, gave us a history of the wonderful spring that burst out there that we never remember to have seen in print. Every one, we presume, is aware that the pen in which the prisoners were kept inclosed was in a swamp, through which ran a sluggish brook, and from this brook the prisoners received their supply of water. This was never fit to drink in its best state, but in addition to its natural unfitness, it ran down by the rebel camp before it entered the stockade, and received the excrement and filth from that. This, of course, rendered it intolerable.

About the middle of August, 1864, or perhaps a month and a half after the Vermont boys entered the stockade, there came one day a very heavy thunder shower, of some forty minutes' duration. And from that time a spring of pure water burst forth from a sand-hill near the dead-line, and flowed in such quantities as to supply the entire camp of some twenty-five or thirty thousand prisoners. Some of the men looked upon this as a direct interposition of God for their salvation; and all thought it very remarkable for two reasons: the source from whence it came—a dry, sand knoll—and the purity and quantity of the water; it being so unlike all other water in that vinicity, even that found in wells. This spring continued to send forth its pure fountain during the remainder of the time our prisoners were kept there, and, for aught our informant knows, does to this day. Has the day of miracles passed?

☞ DID YOU EVER lift a board from the ground in warm weather? If so, you have noticed that the ground was moist, no matter how severe the drought. This is mulching. But keeping the ground moist is not the only benefit of mulching. The moisture deposited beneath the mulch is the warm air coming in contact with the cool ground. This air always contains more or less fertilizers in the form of vapor, and this vapor is arrested by cold air coming in contract with warmer. Everybody can see, if they will, that a piece of land kept covered instead of bare will increase in fertility, while a piece left naked will continually grow poorer. If a farmer leave a covering of grass upon the ground during the winter, he will find it will pay him well in the increase of the crop, while the naked ground is liable to lose not only what grass there is by winter killing, but less and less grass will grow where it is all fed off close in the fall. An apple tree can be made to grow and bear fruit simply by covering the ground with stones around the roots. We have seen grape vines, loaded with fruit, growing out of a pile of stones, the stone heap acting as a mulch, and keeping the ground at an even temperature, which is so essential to growing grapes, and never permitting the ground to bake. Keep your ground under the plow, worked well, and do not let your pasture become naked, either in summer or winter.

FAST YOUNG LADIES.—In order to be a fast young lady, it is necessary to lay aside all reserve and refinement—everything that savors of womanly weakness; to have no troublesome scruples, but to be ready to accord and appreciating smile to the broadest joke. There must be no feeling of dependence on the stronger sex: but, by adopting, as far as decency permits, masculine attire, masculine habits, and masculine modes of expression, accompanied by a through knowledge of slang, and a fluency in using it, these ladies show themselves to be above all narrow-minded prejudices. There must be no thinking about other people's feelings; if people will be thin skined, let them keep of their way, at all events. Should "mamma" raise her voice in a feeble remonstrance, the fast young lady impresses upon her that "she is no judge of these matters. In her old school days, everything and every one was slow; but it is quite changed now." In short to sum up, to be a fast young lady, modesty, deliency, refinement, respect for superiors, consideration for the aged, must all be set aside; boldness, independence, irreverence, prurioueness, and, we fear two often heartlessness, must take place.

A GOOD IDEA.—The young men of Mobile are a cute set. One of their city papers says they find out how a young lady stands in solid charms by asking her, "Has your father been pardoned?" finding out, of course, whether or not he comes under the $20,000 clause.

## HUNTINGDON, PA.

### GO, FORGET ME.

Go, forget me: forget that thou
Ever loved me as thy life,
Or that thou ever vowed to be
My faithful, loving wife:
For Time alas? has wrought a change,
Thy heart has gone astray,
To forget me—not for the world
Would I have thee stay.

Go, forget me, forget that thou
Received in their native pride
The treasures from within my heart,
And then cast them aside;
I know full well some other form
Has stole thy love away,
But go, forget me, forever go,
I cannot have thee stay.

Go, forget, me, forget that I
Was ever dear to thee,
For since thy heart has proved so false,
Thou art no more to me;
Thy altered looks, thy cold disdain,
Proves thy love has passed away;
Go, forget me, I pray thee go,
I will not have thee stay.

## THE COINERS.

FROM THE DIARY OF A DETECTIVE.

During the year of 1847 the West was flooded with a counterfeit coin. It was so well manufactured that it passed readily. The evil at last became so great that the United States authorities requested that a skillful detective might be sent to ferret out the nest of coiners. I was fixed upon to perform that duty.

I had nothing to guide me. The fact, however, that Chicago was the city where the counterfeit coin was most abundant, led me to suspect that the manufactory was somewhere within its limits. It was, therefore, to the capital of the West that I proceeded. I spent five weeks in the city without gaining the slightest clue to the counterfeiters.

I began to grow discouraged, and really thought I should be obliged to return home without having achieved any result. One day I received a letter from my wife requesting me to send some money, as she was out of funds. I went to the bank and asked for a draft, at the same time handing a sum of money to pay for it, in which there were several half dollars. The clerk pushed three of them back to me, saying, "Counterfeit."

"What!" said I, "you don't mean to tell me those half dollars are counterfeit?"

"I do."

"Are you certain?"

"Perfectly certain. They are remarkably executed, but are deficient in weight. See for yourself."

And he placed one of them in the balance against a genuine half dollar, and the latter brought up the former.

"This is the best counterfeit coin I ever saw in my life," I exclaimed, examining them closely. "Is all the counterfeit money in circulation here of the same character as this?"

"O dear, no," the clerk replied, "it is not nearly so well done. These are the work of the famous New York counterfeiter, Ned Willett. I know them well, for I have handled a great many in my time. Here is some of the money that is circulating here," he added, taking half dollars from a drawer. "You see that the milling is not so well done as Ned Willett's although this is pretty good too."

I compared the two and found that he was right. I supplied the place of the three counterfeits with good coin, and returned the former to my pocket.

A few days after this I recived information which caused me to take a journey to a small village about thirty miles from Chicago. I arrived there at night and took up my quarters at the only tavern in the place. It was a wretched dwelling, and kept by an old man and woman, the surliest couple, I think, it has ever been my lot to meet. In answer as to whether I could have a lodging there that night I noticed the host gave a particular look at his wife, and after some whispering, I was informed in the most ungracious manner possible that I could have a bed.

I have frequently in the course of my life been obliged to put up with wretched accommodations, so I did not allow my equanimity of temper to be destroyed by the miserable apartments into which I was ushered after I had finished my repast.

The chamber was of small size, and certainly well ventilated, for I could see the stars through the roof. The bed was simply a bag of straw thrown into one corner of the room, without sheet or covering of any kind. This last fact, however, was not of much consequence, as it was summer and oppressively hot.

I stood for more than an hour gazing out of the opening which served for a window. Before me was an immense prairie, the limits of which I could not see. The tavern in which I had taken up my abode appeared to be isolated from all other dwellings, and save the croak of the tree-toad and the hum of the locust, not a sound reached my ear. It was a beautiful moonlight night so bright that I could see to read the smallest print.

At last I began to grow weary, and throwing myself on my pallet I was soon plunged in deep slumber. How long I slept I know not, but I was awakened by a dull sound, which resembled some one hammering in the distance. I suppose it was the peculiarity of the sound which awoke me, for it was by no means loud, but conveyed to me the idea of some one striking iron with a muffled hammer. I rose from my bed and went to the window. The moon was now in the western horizon, by which fact I know that it must be near morning. The sound I have before referred to reached me more distinctly than when in the back part of the chamber. It appeared to come from some outhouses which were situated a hundred yards from the house.

Now I am naturally of an inquiring mind, and this sound, occurring as it did in the middle of the night piqued my curiosity, and I felt an irrepressible desire to go out and discover the cause of it. This desire, as the sound continued, grew upon me with such intensity, that I resolved to gratify it at any price.

I put on my boots, the only article of atire I had discarded, and cautiously opened the door of my chamber and noiselessly descended the ricketry staircase. A few steps brought me into the lower apartment, which I found entirely deserted. I crept quietly to the window, and unfastening it without making the slightest noise, was soon in the moonlight.

Not a soul was visible, but the sound I have mentioned grew much more distinct as I approached the place from whence it proceeded. At last I found myself before a long, low building, through which I could perceive a lurid glare issuing. I stooped down and peeped through the key-hole, and to my extreme surprise I saw half a doz en men, with their coats off and sleeves up, performing a variety of strange occupations. Some were working at a forge, others were superintending the casting of moulds, and some were engaged in the process of mining coin. In a moment the whole truth burst upon me. Here was the gang of counterfeiters I was in search of, and the landlord and his wife evidently belonged to the same band, for in the corner I perceived them employed,—the man polishing off some half dollar pieces, and the woman was packing the finished coin into rolls.

I had seen enough and was about to return to my apartment, when I suddenly felt a heavy hand placed on my shoulder, and turning my head around, to my horror found myself in the grasp of as ill looking a scoundrel as ever escaped the gallows.

"What are you doing here, my good fellow?" he exclaimed giving me a shake.

"Taking a stroll by moonlight," I replied, endeavoring to retain my composure.

"Well, perhaps you will just take a stroll inside, will you?" returned the ruffian, pushing open the door, and dragging me in after him.

All the inmates of the barn immediately stopped work and rushed toward us when they saw me.

"Why, what's all this?" they exclaimed.

"A loafer I found peepin' outside," said my captor.

"He's a traveler that came to the tavern last night and asked for lodging; the last I saw of him he was safe in bed," said the landlord.

The men withdrew to a corner of the apartment, leaving one to keep guard over me. I soon saw they were in earnest consultation, and were evidently debating some important question. The man keeping guard over me said nothing, but scowled fiercely. I had not said a single word during all the time I had been in the barn. I was aware that whatever I might say would in all probably do more harm than good, and it has always been a maxim of mine, to hold my tongue when in doubt. At last the discussion seem to be ended, for the blackest of the whole came forward, and without any introduction, exclaimed,—

"I say stranger, look here, you must die!"

I did not move a muscle or utter a word.

"You have found out our secret, and dead men tell no tales."

I was silent.

"We will give you ten minutes to say your prayers, and also allow you the privilege of being shot or hung."

Suddenly an idea struck me. I remembered something that might save my life. I burst into a violent fit of laughter, in fact it was hysterical, but they did not know it. They looked at one another in amazement.

"Well, he takes it mighty cool, anyhow," said one.

"Suppose he don't think we are in earnest," said another.

"Come, stranger, you had better say your prayers," said the man who had first spoken, "time flies."

My only reply was a fit of laughter more violent than the first.

"The man's mad," they exclaimed.

"Or drunk," said some.

"Well, boys," cried I, speaking for the first time, "this is the best joke I have ever seen. What hang a pal?"

"A pal—you a pal?"

"I ain't nothin' else," was my elegant rejoinder.

"What is your name?"

"Did you ever hear of Ned Willett?" I replied.

"You may be certain of that. Ain't he the head of our profession?"

"Well, then, I'm Ned."

"You Ned Willett?" they all exclaimed.

"You may bet your life on that," I returned swaggering up to the corner where I had seen the old woman counting and packing the counterfeit half dollars.

Fortune favored me. None of the men present had ever seen Ned Willett, although his reputation was well known to them, and my swaggering, insolent manner had somewhat thrown them off their guard, yet I could plainly see that their doubts were not all removed.

"And you call these things well done, do you?" I asked taking up a roll of the money. "Well, all I have to say is that if you can't do better than this, you had better shut up shop, that's all."

"Can you show us any better?" asked one of the men.

"I rather think I can. If I couldn't I'd hang myself."

"Let's see it," they all cried.

This was my last *coup*, and one on which my life depended.

"Look here, gentlemen, I exclaimed, taking one of the counterfeit half dollars from my pocket that had been rejected at the bank; "here is my last job, what do you think of it?"

It was handed hand-to-hand, some saying it was no counterfeit at all, and some saying it was.

"How will you prove it is a counterfeit?" asked one.

"By weighing it with a genuine one," I replied.

This plan was immediately adopted and its character proved.

"Perhaps he got this by accident," I heard a man whisper to another.

"Try these," I said, taking the other two out of my pocket.

All their doubts now vanished.

"Beautiful," exclaimed some. "Very splendid!" said others.

When they had examined them to their satisfaction they all cordially took me by the hand, every particle of doubt having vanished from their minds. I carried on my part well. Some questions were occasionally asked me involving some technicalities of the business; these, however, I avoided; by stating that I was on a journey, and would rather take a glass of whiskey than answer questions. The whiskey was produced and we made a night of it. It was not until morning dawned that we separated.

The next day I returned to Chicago and brought down the necessary assistance, and captured the whole gang of counterfeiters in the very act. The den was broken up forever, and most of them were condemned to serve a term in the State Prison.

I have those half dollars still in my possession, and never intend to part with them, for they were certainly the means of saving my life.

WHAT IS A PURE BREED?—All that can be asserted of the so-called purest bred variety is that it has been reared for a number of generations without a cross with any other variety. But it should be remembered that every variety has been reared careful and artificial selection from the original stock or from other varieties. In fact, every variety may be called pure breed that reproduces its own likeness true to form and color.

☞A man who had brutally assaulted his wife was brought before Justice Cole of Albany, lately, and had a good deal to say about "getting justice"

"Justice!" replied Cole, "you can't get it here, this court has no power to hang you."

## Philosophy of Exercise.

We take this instructive article from a late number of *Hall's Journal of Health*:

All know that the less we exercise the less health we have, and the more certain we are to die before our time. But comparatively few persons are able to explain how exercise promotes health. Both beast and bird, in a state of nature, are exempt from disease, except in rare cases; it is because the unappensable instinct of searching for their necessary food, impels them to ceaseless activities. Children, when left to themselves, eat a great deal and, have excellent health, because they will be doing something all the time, until they become so tired that they fall asleep; and as soon as they wake they begin right away to run about again; thus their whole existence is spent in alternate eating and sleeping, and exercise, which is interesting and pleasurable. The health of childhood would be enjoyed by those of maturer years, if, like children, they would eat only when they are hungry; stop when they have done; take rest in sleep as soon as they are tired; and, when eating or resting, would spend the time diligently in such muscular activities as would be interesting, agreeable and profiable. Exercise, without mental elasticity, without an enlivement for the feelings and the mind, is of comparatively little value.

1. Exercise is health-producing, because it works off and out of the system its waste dead and effete matters; these are all converted into a liquid form, called by some "humors," which have exit from the body through the "pores" of the skin in the shape of perspiration, which all have seen, and which all knows is the result of exercise, when the body is in a state of health. Thus it is, that persons who do not perspire, who have a dry skin, are always either feverish or chilly, and are never well, and never can be as long as that condition exists. So exercise, by working out of the system its waste, decayed and useless matter, keeps the humane machine "free;" otherwise it would soon clog up, and the wheels of life would stop forever!

2. Exercise improves the health, because every step a man takes tends to impart motion to the bowls; a proper amount of exercise keeps them acting once in every twenty-four hours; if they have not motion enough, there is constipation, which brings on very many fatal diseases; hence exercise, especially that of walking, wards off innumerable diseases, when it is kept up to an extent equal to inducing one motion of the bowls daily.

3. Exercise is healthful, because the more we exercise the faster we breathe. If we breathe faster, we take that much more air into the lungs; but it is the air we breathe which purifies the blood, and the more air we take in, the more perfectly is that process performed; the purer the blood is, and as everybody knows, the better health must be. Hence, when a person's lungs are impaired he does not take in enough air for the wants of the system; that being the case air he does breathe should be the purest possible, which is out door air. Hence, the more a consumptive stays in the house, the more certain and more speedy is his death.

A COURT SCENE.—"William, look: tell us, William, who made you. Do you know?"

William, who was considered a fool, screwed up his face, and looking thoughtful, and some bewildered, slowly answered—"Moses, I s'poses."

"That will do," said counsellor Gray, addressing the court; "the witness says he supposes that Moses made him. That certainly is an intelligent answer, more than I supposed him capable of giving; for it shows that he had some faint idea of Scripture; but I must submit that it is not sufficient to entitle him to be sworn as a witness capable of giving evidence."

"Mr. Judge," said the fool, "may I ax the lawyer a question."

"Certainly," said Judge.

"Wal, then, Mr. Lawyer, who do yes' s'pose made you?"

"Aaron I s'pose said Counsellor Gray, imitating the witness.

After the mirth had somewhat subsided the witness drawled out:—"Wal, neow, we read in the good book that Aaron once made a calf, but who'd a thought the darned critter got in here?"

The Judge ordered the witness to be sworn.

☞Said a very high functionary to his scapegrace son: "Look at me! Here I, at the top of the tree; and what is my reward? Why, when I die, my son is the greatest rascal in England!" To this made answer young Hopewell: "Yes, dad, *when* you die, but not till then, you see!"

## A National Thanksgiving.

*By the President of the United States of America:*

A PROCLAMATION.

*Whereas*, It has pleased Almighty God during the year which is now coming to an end, to relieve our beloved country from the fearful scourge of civil war, and to permit us to secure the blessings of peace, unity, and harmony with a great enlargement of civil liberty: And whereas our Heavenly Father has also during the year graciously averted from us the calamities of foreign war, pestilence and famine, while our granaries are full of the fruits of an abundant season: And whereas righteousness exulteth a nation, while sin is a reproach to any people:

Now, therefore, be it known, that I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby recommend to the people thereof that they do set apart and observe the first Thursday of December next as a day of National Thanks—given to the Creator of the Universe for these deliverances and blessings. And I do further recommend, that on that occasion the whole people make confession of our national sins against His infinite goodness, and with one heart and one mind implore the Divine guidance in the ways of national virtue and holiness.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done, at the city of Washington, this twenty-eighth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty five, and of the independence of the United States of America the ninetieth.

[L. S.]

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President:
WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

☞The following item in regard to elections is taken from the New York *Herald* and has in it more truth than poetry:

"In a close canvass the slightest circumstance decides an election. We remember one Congressman who used to get ahead of the opposition candidate by kissing all the babies in his district, clean or dirty, fat or lean, sour or sweet, ugly or handsome, imps or cherubs. Henry Clay owed his election to a lucky rifle shot at a Kentucky shooting match. The use of hard cider as a bevorage made Harrison President. Fremont made a splendid run because he had a charming wife, whom the people called 'Our Jessie.' Buchanan owed his success to the fact that he was a bachelor, and all the women wanted him elected so that they might have a chance to marry into the White House. A hasty plate of soup destroyed General Scott. The phrase 'Honest Old Abe' elected Mr. Lincoln. But it is useless to multiply instances. Everybody knows that many a man has attained high honors, wealth, and position on the strength of a clean collar, a new pair of kids, or a benevolent smile, and that many a politician has been killed by a nickname suggested by some of his personal habits or peculiarities, and applied at the right time. The people take likes and dislikes easily, and their prejudices for or against certain characteristics often seriously affect the result of an election."

A "MUN IMENT" WANTED.—A Parisian writer tells this droll story of an American at Rome: A celebrated pork contractor for the federal army presented himself a short time back at a sculptor's atelier in Rome, and stated his intention of sending a durable memento of himself to adorn his native place in America. With an amiable candor he explained to the artist that he had begun life as a poor boy selling matches, and by lucky speculations had attained his present gigantic greatness. "Now," he continued, "I've seen a muniment in this city as suits my views to a nicety—a kinder column with little figure's runnin' up all around it, and a chap at the top." "Trajan's column," suggested the artist. "P'raps it may be; and I wish you to sculp me jes such another a workin' out the whole of my biography, beginning at the bottom with a boy sellin' matches, and then keep on winding it up till it ends with me in an easy attitood at the top."

SOFTENING HARD WATER.—Some twenty years ago, a well was dug twenty feet deep, on the Cottage Hill Farm, near Ravena, Ohio. It contained eigh feet of water—after being stoned—the earth about which was blue clay, and the water was very hard. This serious defect was cured entirely, and the water softened permanently by putting into the well about four feet of gravel of the size of beans and upwards.

# The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Nov. 15, 1865.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.


## THE RECENT ELECTIONS.

### Union Victories Everywhere!

### The Bogus Democracy Completely Routed.

**New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Minnesota, Illinois, Michigan, Alabama, Massachusetts, Wisconsin,--Union Victories and Union Majorities Everywhere.**

Elections in the States named above, took place on last Tuesday, the 7th, and every state gave handsome majorities *against* the bogus Democratic organizations—the party that made the war, and helped the rebels during the war. The loyal people have again spoken—and New Jersey surrendors to the Union army. We do not think it necessary to give particulars—the Union cause is successful everywhere.

### Our Correspondence.

EDITORS GLOBE:—In the late discussion between Earl Russell and Minister Adams, the latter has taken a position which, though it may not be acknowledged by the British Government, is logically invincible, and in which he will be sustained by the American people. The points of international law on which our claims are founded being so ably argued by Mr. Adams, under the advisement of Mr. Seward, I propose to give a historical view of our grounds of complaint.

In May 1861, the month following the inauguration of the rebellion, Great Britain and France, acting in concert, recognized the insurgents as a belligerent power. This early step, combined with our knowledge of the previous impressions and subsequent actions of these countries in regard to our Government, reveals at once the real character of their designs and expectations. That a spirit of enmity towards us existed is clearly pointed out by our Ministers abroad in their correspondence with the Department of State. The despatches of Mr. Adams from London, and Mr. Dayton from Paris recount manifold exhibitions of this ill will, and Mr. Clay, Minister to Russia, who was an observer of European sentiment at the most critical time, bears testimony in a communication to Mr. Seward, that "the monarchies of Europe have always regarded our republic with jealousy and distrust, because it was an ever living protest against any other than self-government."

In view of this hatred, it may not be understood by some why these powers did not acknowledge the independence of the South when rebel emissaries pressed them to do so, and, when the failure of the cotton supply seemed to make it their interest. The reason that they did not follow their course to its legitimate end is, that *such recognition would not have secured the object they desired:* It was a subject of constant complaint with Mr. Seward, that foreign powers argued continually from the stand point that the Union was destroyed, and that the federal government could not restore it. Making this their maxim they saw no necessity for moving any further than they had in its destruction. Much as they desired our system to perish, they preferred that its death should not result from any act of theirs, but that it should die from causes originating within itself, so that it might ever after be pointed to as an evidence of the intrinsic weakness of republics. For the fact that we are still a nation, no thanks are due to England and France, but we may rejoice that they were so blind as to consider our government annihilated four years ago.

To this first act, the according of belligerent rights to the rebels, may be attributed by far the greater portion of those other events that endangered our diplomatic relations during the continuance of the war. Had the Confederates possessed a navy it would have at once been placed on an equality as far as privileges were concerned with our own. But being deficient in this respect, the attitude of foreign government was an inducement for their subjects to furnish the rebels with vessels, not for the purposes of lawful warfare, but for piratical depredations on our commerce. And these not coming forward with sufficient rapidity, English bottoms carried from her Majesty's ports arms and munitions of war with the intention of breaking the blockade. Yet all appeals failed to induce any interference in their proceedings, Lord Russell urging in some cases that the proclamation of neutrality prevented him from taking any measures; in others that he had not sufficient evidence to warrant it.

This state of affairs became a source of great embarrassment to our Government, and very soon we find Mr. Seward referring to it in his instructions to our ministers in Europe. On the 23d of January, 1862, he says to Mr. Dayton: "It is not in our power to control the policies of European cabinets. They acted precipitately in May last, and thus aggravated and prolonged our troubles." He presents the same views to Mr. Adams on the 4th of February, 1862, and on the 13th of the same month says: "It has been only European sympathies and European aid that have enabled our disloyal citizens to prolong the war," at the same time pointing out the inconveniences that result to Great Britain herself from the policy she seemed determined to pursue, and directs that these views be brought to the attention of Earl Russell. Mr. Adams makes no reference to these matters until the 27th of March, when he replied: "I am bound to notice in several of your late despatches a strong disposition to press upon the British government an argument for the retraction of its original error in granting to the rebels the rights of a belligerent. There may come a moment when such a proceeding might seem to me likely to be of use. But I must frankly confess that I do not see it yet." The idea that a hasty and unfriendly step had been taken in placing the Confederates in the position of a belligerent is ever recurring in Mr. Seward's despatch, and we find that Mr. Dayton presented the *subject to the French government in a* personal interview with the Emperor on the 20th of March, 1862. Mr Adam's objections were not so easily overcome, and on the 3d of April he saw no reason to abandon his opinion. But Mr. Seward represented it as of so *much importance that on the 15th of* April Mr. Adams obtained a conference with Earl Russell and opened the topic with which he was charged.

Thus it appears that the British and French authorities were formally made acquainted with the views of our government. The controversy which has been so learnedly conducted and which has excited so much interest both in this country and in Europe is almost as old as the rebellion itself. The first failure to secure the withdrawal of belligerent rights did not cause our statesmen to abate their efforts towards that end, but repeatedly were those governments reminded of the impropriety of their position. Mr. Seward labored diligently to remove what he thought a positive wrong to his country, and though diplomacy has not been rewarded with the success it deserved, yet we may trust that whatever may be the result it will be such as all can accept with honor. While it is wise to counsel peace between nations, no one will raise a voice of opposition when reparation is demanded for deliberate injuries sustained at the hands of foreign powers.

COMMONPLACE.

November 8, 1865

[Perry County Advocate and Press.]

### OIL.

"Oil has been found in Fulton county, Pennsylvania, near the town of New Grenada, located in a valley known as Well's Valley, which is surrounded by coal mountains. A company, under the title of the "Broad Top & New Grenada Oil Company," has been formed, of which K. A. Moore, Esq., of New Grenada, is President, and will proceed to the immediate development of the new oil region. Much interest is taken in the experiment by the residents of the neighborhood, and the necessary funds for the prosecution of the enterprise already subscribed. New Grenada is about five miles distant from Broad Top City, Huntingdon county, which forms the most direct route via Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad, and is also on the line of a projected railroad to connect the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, a link in the railroad network of our State much needed, the route for which has been surveyed the present summer."

We clip the above article from the Philadelphia Commercial List and Price Current. By a gentleman who recently visited and examined that locality, we are informed that unmistakable indications of oil are found in various places in that neighborhood. The Broad Top and New Grenada Oil Company have energetic and responsible officers; and having the necessary funds already subscribed for developing the resources of their territory, will at once proceed to sink a well with the necessary machinery.

The Concord and Ickesburg Oil Companies would indicate a continuous line with Broad Top, and there remains but little doubt that in the course of a few months, a new and important oil territory will be opened up in the counties of Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Franklin, and Perry that will make a second Pithole excitement in our neighborhood; and lands in these counties will command a premium. It only requires an energetic effort on the part of the citizens of those counties and a knowledge of the importance of developing the resources of their territory, to test the truth of this belief. Landholders would then reap the advantages of their property, instead of speculators, who usually buy up in advance, all lands, at low figures, in the neighborhood. Our citizens should be fully awakened to the great result which it is not improbable, will follow the several operations now in progress in this and adjoining counties.

The route as surveyed, of the Sherman's Valley and Broad Top Railroad passes directly through this new oil territory, via Concord and New Grenada to the base of the Broad Top coal regions, and its completion would soon follow the successful operations of oil wells.

## THE END OF WIRZ.

**His Demon Tyranny at Andersonville Punished by a Felon's Death.**

[Special Despatch to The Press.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Yesterday afternoon, about four o'clock, General Augur, commanding this department, accompanied by Captain George R. Wolbridge, commandant of the Old Capitol prison, and Major Russell, provost marshal of the District, went to the cell of Wirz, in the Old Capitol, to announce to him the finding of the court. They found him prepared to meet them, so that he was not in the least surprised when informed of the unpleasant nature of their errand. He said nothing, and listened calmly to the reading of every word of the sentence. Even those informing him that he would be hung on Friday next, between the hours of 6 and 12 A. M., made no apparent impression upon him. When the reading was ended, he cried out to a prisoner, who was immured in a cell opposite to him, and with whom he was on terms of some familiarity:

"Well, they *are* going to hang me!" —the tone of his voice seeming to insinuate that they had held conversations to the probability of an execution.

General Augur asked him whether he had anything to say why the sentence should not be passed, when he replied that he had nothing to say—there was no need for it—but he would say, however, that he was innocent of all the charges brought against him.

General Augur asked whether he desired the presence of his wife? He answered, no; she was in Kentucky, at a point from which it would be difficult to reach him in time, for he had only three days to live; but even if it were possible to reach him, he did not desire her presence. She would not like to see him in his last unnatural throes, and he could not permit it. He desired, however, that Mr. Schade, one of his counsel, and Rev. Father Boyle be allowed to visit him. A promise that this request would be complied with was made, and General Augur and company withdrew.

RETURNING TO EARTH.

It is said that when Father Boyle visited him to-day he was very defiant, or misanthropic, at least. He accused the witnesses for the prosecution at the trial with perjury, and said that, if spirits were allowed to come back on earth after they had been once disembodied, his would come back to haunt those who had falsely sworn against him. He is represented as having made a similar expression to Gen. Augur. Father Boyle attempted to soften his heart by the gentle teachings of religion, and to some extent succeeded. But still it is represented Wirz continues to say that he can hardly forgive the enemies who have so misused him. Forgiveness, he says, would be only from the lips—it would be hypocritical to say it was from the heart.

Yesterday and to day he spent all his time in reading religious works. He says his anxiety, which has been his principal difficulty, is now all over, and he slept better last night than any night since he has been in Washington.

VISIT FROM MR. SCHADE.

Mr. Schade, one of his counsel, visited him to day, and had a long interview. During its course, Mr. Schade asked him whether he desired any money, as he was delicate and his prison fare unpalatable.

"Oh, no," said Wirz, "not much. I have but three days to live, and a dollar a day will purchase me all I want."

Mr. Schade gave the officer in charge the required three dollars.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE EXECUTION.

He is not very well; his arm is be coming very painful. Clerks in the Adjutant-General's office were engaged to-day in preparing warrants for the execution. The charges and specifications have been somewhat modified.

## JUSTICE!

### THE DEMON HANGED!

### WIRZ DENIES HIS GUILT!

**PARTICULARS of the EXECUTION.**

WASHINGTON Nov. 10.—This morning Father Boyle administered the sacrament to Captain Wirz, and Father Wigget, also of the Roman Catholic Church, then placed upon the former the black cambric robe, remarking, as he did so, "I hope the robe will be returned into a white one in the other world."

At 10:20, Capt. Wirz came from his cell in the Old Capitol Prison, accompanied by Provost Marshal Russell, and other officers, and Father Boyle and Wigget, and passing between the lines of the military guard, they ascended the scaffold and the prisoner was then seated.

The scaffold was twelve feet square, and twenty-two feet high to the beam, with a trap twelve feet from the ground.

The guard consisted of the 195th Penna. Vols., and three detachments of the Veteran Reserve Corps, under the command of Capt. Walbridge, the superintendent of the Old Capitol Prison.

There were several hundred persons present besides the military, civilians having been admitted on special passes.

Amid profound silence Provost Marshal Russell proceeded to read the order of the War Department founded on the verdict of the Military Court which tried the prisoner. He was charged with and convicted of combining, confederating and conspiring with Jefferson Davis, James A. Seddon, Howell Cobb, John H. Winder, Richard B. Winder, Isaiah H. White, W. S. Winder, W. Shelby Tate, hospital steward at Andersonville, James Duncan, Wesley Warner, Benjamin Harris and others whose names are unknown, and who were engaged in armed rebellion against the United States maliciously, traitorously and in violation of the laws of war, to impair, injure or destroy the lives by subjecting to great torture and great suffering, by confining in unhealthy and unwholesome quarters, by exposing to the inclemency of winter, and to the dews and burning sun of summer, by compelling the use of impure water and by furnishing insufficient and unwholesome food, a large number of Federal prisoners, to wit: The number of about 45,000, held as prisoners of war at Andersonville, within the lines of the so-called Confederate States, on or before the 27th of March, 1864, and at divers times between that day and the 10th day of April, 1865, to the end that the armies of the United States might be weakened and impaired, and that the insurgents engaged in rebellion against the United States might be aided and comforted.

The order also states that the prisoner was found guilty of the second charge, namely murder in violation of laws and customs of war, and guilty of all the specifications excepting the fourth, tenth and thirteenth, which set forth that he killed a prisoner by shooting him with a revolver, that he ordered a setinel to fire upon another with a revolver, and that he beat another with a revolver, so that he died.

The order concludes as follows:

*Sentence*—And the Court do therefore sentence him (Henry Wirz) to be hanged by the neck till he be dead, at such time and place as the President of the United States may direct, two-thirds of the members of the court concurring herein; and the court also find the prisoner, Henry Wirz, guilty of having caused the death, in the manner alleged in specifications 11 to charge 2, by means of dogs, of three prisoners of war, in his custody, and soldiers of the United States—one occuring on or about the 15th day of May, 1864; another occurring on or about the 11th day of July, 1864; but which finding, as here expressed, has not and did not enter into the sentence of the court as before given.

Second—The proceedings, finding and sentence in the following case, having been submitted to the President of the United States, the following are his orders:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Nov. 3, '65.

The proceeding, finding and sentence of the court in the within case are approved, and it is ordered that the sentence be carried into execution by the officer commanding the department of Washington, on Friday, Nov. 10, 1865, between the hours of 6 A. M. and 12 o'clock, noon. Signed,

ANDREW JOHNSON,
President.

Third—Major General C. C. Augur, commanding the Department at Washington, is commanded to cause the foregoing sentence in the case of Henry Wirz to be duly executed in accordance with the President's order.

Fourth—The Military Commission, of which Major General Lew Wallace, United States army, is president is hereby dissolved by command of the United States.

(Signed) E. D. TOWNSEND.
*Assistant Adjutant General.*

When the reading of the order was completed Wirz conversed with those on the platform with seeming calmness and self-possession, and it was remarked that he had a smiling countenance.

To his spiritual advisers he said: "I am innocent. I have to die but I can die like a man. I have hope in the future. I have nothing more to say."

His legs and hands were then tied, the rope passed around his neck, and the black cap passed over his head. He stood erect without faltering, evidently having nerved himself for the solemn event.

Those on the platform retired to the railing leaving the doomed man in the centre of the structure. After a few moments of profound quiet the drop at a preconcerted signal fell. The sound this occasioned having reached the ears of the promiscuous crowds outside the Old Capitol grounds (but who were not privileged to view the execution) it was responded to by repeated shouts of approbation.

The convict, directly after falling, was considerably convulsed in his legs, but the agony was soon over. He hung about fifteen minutes and was then cut down. His body was laid upon a stretcher and conveyed to the prison where it was placed in a coffin and buried, and transferred to Father Boyle for interment. His neck was broken by the fall. All the proceedings occupied about three-fourths of and hour. Wirz protested his innocence to the last and exhibited no fear.

### The Last Chapter.

WASHINGTON November 11.—The Secretary of War yesterday issued the following order to General Augur:—

The President of the United States directs that the body of Henry Wirz, executed this morning under General Court martial orders No. 607, be interred in the Penitentiary yard, Arsenal ground, where Payne and others were buried.

(Signed) E. D. TOWNSEND
Assistant Adjutant General.

In pursuance of this order, Mr. L H. Chandler, Chief Clerk of Provost Marshal's office, took the body in charge this morning, and caused it to be buried by the side of Atzeroth, making the fifth and southern grave of the row in the following order:—Mrs. Surratt, Payne, Harold, Atzeroth and Wirz.

The body of Wirz was buried in a plain, painted coffin provided by Government.

**Received their Sentence.**

The Hollidaysburg *Standard* of the 8th says: "The unfortunate family of John J. Burkholder, the trial and conviction of whom we noticed at length last week, received their sentence on Friday afternoon last. Mrs. Hawk, who was one of the defendants found guilty, as indicted, was reported to the Court unable to appear for sentence, owing to serious indisposition. The sentence therefore in her case, upon the statement of Dr. Smith, who represented her as being at present in a very critical condition, was deferred. Mr. Burkholder's counsel, Messrs. Blair and Calvin, moved for a new trial in his case, and made touching appeals to the Court, not only that a new trial should be granted, but that the tender mercies of his Honor might be extended in behalf of these unfortunate culprits. The Court considered that the grounds set forth for a new trial were insufficient, but that he would be as lenient at the circumstances of the cause would admit.

The Court having sustained the motion of the District Attorney, the prisoners, John J. Burkholder, Henry Burkholder, Lavinia Burkholder, Julia Burkholder, Norval Hawk, and Thomas Burkholder, were brought into the presence of the Judge from whose lips they were to learn their doom—the penalty of their heinous crime. It was a sad sight to witness almost an entire family—from the aged father, bowed with years, down to the tender youth of scarce fourteen—daughters having just attained a marriageable age—formed in line to hear the dreadful words, "your family ties are broken up! you will be incarcerated in the felon's cell!" May the great Judge of Omnipotence forbid that our county should ever again behold another spectacle.

Judge Taylor, after having kindly admonished them, giving some wise counsel and advice, stated that out of mercy he would make their sentences equal, in order that all should come out at the same time and their family relations be renewed, with a view to a better and happier life. They were sentenced each to pay a fine of $5, and undergo an imprisonment in the penitentiary in Alleghany county for the period of two years.

The prisoners were taken to the penitentiary last Monday by Shff. Bechtel."

**PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.**

November, 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Family Flour | $11.25 |
| Extra Flour | $9.10 |
| Superfine Flour | $8.50 |
| Rye Flour | $7.50 |
| Corn Meal | $4.75 |
| Extra White Wheat | $2,60@3.00 |
| Fair and Prime Red | $2,30@2,40 |
| Rye | 1,30 |
| Corn, prime Yellow | .90 |
| Oats | .53 |
| Barley | $1,35 |
| Cloverseed, per 64 lbs | $8.50 |
| Timothy | $3,50 |
| Flaxseed | $3,10 |
| Wool | 60@70 |
| Hides | 13 |

**HUNTINGDON MARKETS.**

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. E. HENRY & CO.

| | |
|---|---|
| Family Flour Bbl | $11.50 |
| Extra Flour | $10.00 |
| Superfine Flour | $9.25 |
| Corn Meal Bowt | $2.50 |
| Buckwheat Flour Bowt | $.500 |
| White Wheat | $2.15 |
| Red Wheat | 2,05 |
| Rye | 1.00 |
| New Corn | .75 |
| Oats | .50 |
| Cloverseed | 7.00 |
| Flaxseed | 2,65 |
| Dried Apples | 2,50 |
| Butter | .40 |
| Eggs | .25 |
| Lard | .35 |
| Ham | .25 |
| Shoulder | .25 |
| Sides | .28 |
| Tallow | .15 |
| Hay | $8,00 |

## SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? *One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change* your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on South east corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

THE LUNGS.—The cold and changeable weather tells terribly on those who have weak and diseased lungs. Many are suffering at this time with affections of the throat and lungs. Bronchitis is becoming a very common affliction. Those who are predisposed to Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, &c., should *avoid the night air. There are many* preparations recommended for these diseases, but there is not a doubt but that Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam is the best remedy. We have known it to effect cures in the worst cases of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, and primary cases of Consumption.

**New Musical Instruments.**

A new stock of musical instruments have just been received at Lewis' Book Store. Violins from $3 to $50,—Guitars from $12 to $35; Banjos $8, and $9 50; Accordeons $6 to $15; Fifes, Bows, Strings, Rosin, Tail Boards, Bridges, Mouth Organs, and Jews Harps. tf.

☞ "Slavery viewed from the Bible Stand Point," by Rev. J. M. Adair, for sale at Lewis' Book Store, price 10 cents. tf.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIVIDEND DECLARED.

HUNTINGDON, Nov. 8, 1865.

The Directors of the Porter Island Oil Company have *this day declared a dividend of ONE PER CENT.* on the capital stock of the company, for the month of October, payable on and after the 20th inst.

W. M'K WILLIAMSON,
Secretary.

no14.

**Ladies' Furs,**

OF ALL KINDS,

*JUST RECEIVED*

THE LARGEST STOCK AND VARIETY

EVER BROUGHT TO HUNTINGDON.

Ladies, call and examine at S. E. HENRY & CO.

K. A. LOVELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

☞ Prompt and careful attention will be given to the collection of all claims against the Government for Back Pay, Bounty, Pensions, &c.

OFFICE—With J. W. Mattern, Esq., in the brick row, nearly opposite the Court House. no8-6m*

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, November 13, 1865, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

| SOUTHWARD TRAINS. | | | | NORTHWARD TRAINS. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Accom. | Express | STATIONS AND SIDINGS. | | Accom. | Express | |
| P. M. | A. M. | | | P. M. | P. M. | |
| LE 4 15 | LE 8 10 | Huntingdon | AR | 11 39 | AR 5 45 | |
| 4 35 | 8 30 | McConnellstown | | 11 19 | 5 24 | |
| 4 43 | 8 38 | Pleasant Grove | | 11 11 | 5 16 | |
| 5 00 | 8 54 | Marklesburg | | 10 55 | 5 00 | |
| 5 16 | 9 10 | Coffee Run | | 10 39 | 4 45 | |
| 5 24 | 9 18 | Rough & Ready | | 10 31 | 4 36 | |
| 5 30 | 9 30 | Cove | | 10 19 | 4 24 | |
| 5 40 | 9 34 | Fisher's Summit | | 10 15 | 4 20 | |
| AR 5 55 | AR 9 49 | Saxton | LE | 10 00 | LE 4 05 | |
| | LE 10 00 | | | | AR 3 55 | |
| | 10 20 | Riddlesburg | | | 3 35 | |
| | 10 28 | Hopewell | | | 3 47 | |
| | 10 46 | Piper's Run | | | 3 09 | |
| | 11 18 | Hamilton | | | 2 47 | |
| | 11 31 | Bloody Run | | | 2 34 | |
| | AR 11 35 | Mount Dallas | | | LE 2 30 | |
| SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH. | | | | | | |
| | LE 10 03 | Saxton | | | 3 10 | |
| | 10 20 | Coalmont | | | 3 35 | |
| | 10 25 | Crawford | | | 3 25 | |
| | AR 10 35 | Dudley | | | 3 20 | |
| | | [Broad Top City | | | | |

Huntingdon Nov. 13, 1865. OLIVER AYERS, Supt.

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
NEW GOODS.
**D. P. GWIN**
INFORMS THE PUBLIC
THAT HE HAS
JUST OPENED
A
SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS
THAT
CAN'T BE BEAT
IN
CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.
COME AND SEE.
D. P. GWIN,

oct. 17 '65.

**Great Arrival**
BY CANAL.

GROCERIES, CHEESE,
Sack, Bbl. and Dairy SALT,
and FISH of all kinds,
Will be sold low by
no8-3t] S. E. HENRY & CO.

**FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE**

ANY person in want of one of the above articles should call on Miss DIANAH L. BAKER, Agent for the Machine.
Huntingdon, Sept. 27-6m

☞ For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa.

**NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!**

*If you want Cheap Goods,*
GO TO R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S.
*If you want Good Goods,*
GO TO R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S.
*If you want Fashionable Goods,*
GO TO R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S.
*If you want to see the*
GREATEST VARIETY and
*BEST SELECTION OF GOODS*
EVER BROUGHT TO HUNTINGDON,
Consisting of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, CASSIMERES of city and country manufacture, Brochet and Blanket SHAWLS, SONTAGS and Breakfast SHAWLS, PRINTS and MUSLINS of every variety, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Groceries and Confectionerjes, and in a word, everything that eye hath seen or heart could wish,
GO TO R. M. CUNNINGHAM & CO'S.
*WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE*
Corner of Railroad and Montgomery sts.
*Huntingdon, Nov. 8, 1865.*

**INK. INK. INK!**

**NOTICE**

**To Merchants and Business Men.**

THE undersigned having recently been appointed agent for the New York National Ink Company, hereby gives notice to merchants, business men, and to consumers of all classes that he is prepared to supply the market with an article of Ink which in addition to being the best in use, is emphatically the cheapest ever offered for sale in this country.

It neither corrodes the pen, nor thumbs the inkstand, is of a rich bluish tint, flows freely, and is *perfectly indelible*, giving it advantages not possessed by any other Ink, whether of foreign or domestic manufacture. This Ink contains no sediment and will not therefore, thicken as most inks do, the last drop being as thin and clear as the first.

☞ All orders whether wholesale or retail, will be promptly filled, at lower rates than as good an article can be purchased in the cities or elsewhere. Persons who entertain doubts as to the superior quality and cheapness of this Ink are respectfully entreated to give it a trial John H. Clark, sub-agent, will canvass the county for the purpose of introducing this Ink.

SIMON COHN, Agent,
Coffee Run P. O., Huntingdon county, Penna.
Oct. 16, '65-tf.

PRINCIPAL BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL INK COMPANY, OF NEW YORK.

Mr. SIMON COHN, P. M., having been appointed salesman and general agent, is the representative of the above company for the county of Huntingdon, State of Penna., as per contract, all parties therefore, whether having dealt with us previously or otherwise, will please avail themselves of the advantages of dealing directly with the representative of our house here; they will find it to their pecuniary interest to do so.

O. L. VAN ALLEN, Actuary.

The above Ink is for sale at Lewis' and all the principal stores in the county.

DR. R. D. P. MILLER,
Office opposite Jackson House, offers his service to citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. no1-6mo

**MILNWOOD ACADEMY**

A SCHOOL FOR

**Young Ladies and Gentlemen.**

THE undersigned gives notice that he will open the above institution on

WEDNESDAY, the 8th of NOVEMBER.

The services of Rev. R. L. McClure, an experienced and well qualified Teacher, have been secured as Teacher of the Latin and Greek languages.

The Principal intends to spare no pains or expense to make MILNWOOD one of the first schools of the kind.

The location of the school is healthy. The buildings are large and well suited for a school of the Kind. Pupils board with and are under the eye of the Principal at all times.

TERMS:

Boarding, Tuition, and Room Rent, per session of twenty weeks.....$70
Latin, Greek, and Music, extra.
For further particulars, address

W. A. HUNTER, Principal,
Shade Gap, Huntingdon county, Pa.
no1-2t

**Reward the Soldiers!**

**Another Opportunity is offered the many Friends of the Soldiers to Reward those who Faced the Music of the Enemy.**

**J. B. SHONTZ & BRO.**

RESPECTFULLY inform their numerous friends of Marklesburg and surrounding country, that they have received a large and splendid stock of

*NEW GOODS,*

Consisting of—

READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS and CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES,
*LADIES' DRESS GOODS,*
GENTMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS
and a large stock of JEWELRY, &c.

The public, without regard to politics, religion, sect or color, will find our store the place to buy just what they want, and at prices to suit the times.

Don't fail to give us a call, as we are determined to please all.

Marklesburg, Huntingdon co., Nov. 1, '65.

**NEW FAMILY GROCERY STORE.**

C. LONG & CO. would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity to the fact that they have just opened a FAMILY GROCERY STORE at the old stand of Christopher Long, where they will keep constantly on hand a full and well assorted stock of

FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,

such as Lovering's Syrup, N. Orleans and Porto Rico Molasses, Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt, Hams, Sides, Shoulders, Dried Beef, Flour, Fish, Cheese, Rice, Pickles, and Provisions of all kinds.

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,

comprising, in part, Baskets, Buckets, Tubs, Washboards Corn Brooms, Brushes, Rugs, Mats, Floor Oil Cloths, Bags, Trunks, &c, &c.

CANDIES and NUTS of all kinds, wholesale and retail. *TOYS, TOBACCO, SEGARS, Coal Oil, Coal Oil Lamps, &c.* They respectfully invite a call and examination of their stock, satisfied that their goods and prices will compare favorably with those of any other in the place.

C. LONG & CO.

Huntingdon, October 25, 1865.

**DR. VENARD'S**

**STAR MAGIC LINIMENT**

CURES

RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
TOOTHACHE,
HEADACHE,
DIPTHERIA, or SORE THROAT,
CRAMPS, or
PAINS IN THE STOMACH,
SPRAINS,
and DIARRHŒA.

SOLE AGENT,

*SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,*

HUNTINGDON, PA.

**Price One Dollar.**

☞ **Agents Wanted to sell the above throughout the Country.**

Huntingdon, Oct. 25, 1865.

DRESS BUTTONS & TRIMMINGS, of the latest styles, Belt Ribbon and Buckles, Hosiery, Gloves, Edgings, Frillings, &c., at
S. E. HENRY & CO.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, comprising everything new and desirable, such as Dress silks, silk mohair, and Irish Poplins, alpacas, Cashmere, coburgs, Merinoes, all wool French Delaines, saxony plaids, at S. E. HENRY & CO.

LADIES' COATS and CIRCULARS, Shawls, Cloth Basques, &c., &c., at
S. E. HENRY & CO.

WANTED at S. E. HENRY & CO'S

15,000 bushels Wheat,
5,000 " Rye,
5,000 " Oats,
5,000 " Corn,
1,000 " Flaxseed,
1,000 " Cloverseed,
1,000 pounds Wool,

For which the highest cash price will be paid,

STOVES. STOVES.

Spear's famous "anti-dust" Cook, Wellington Cook, Continental Cook, and a splendid variety of gas burner, and other Heating Stoves, for coal or wood, just received, and for sale at the Hardware Store of
JAMES A. BROWN.
Huntingdon, Oct. 18, '65-tf.

PROF. J. H. M'ENTYRE'S GREAT REMEDY,

THE

# INDIAN COMPOUND

**Internal and External Medicine,**

WILL CURE:

☞ Diarrhœa, Bloody Flux in one day,
☞ Headache and Earache in three minutes.
☞ Toothache in one minute.
☞ Neuralgia in five minutes,
☞ Sprains in twenty minutes,
☞ Sore Throat in ten minutes,
☞ Cholic and Cramp in five minutes,
☞ Rheumatism in one day,
☞ Pain in the Back or Side in ten minutes,
☞ Bad Coughs or Colds in one day,
☞ Fever and Ague in one day.
☞ Cures Deafness, Asthma, Piles,
☞ Bronchitis Affections, Dyspepsia,
☞ Inflammation of the Kidneys, Erysipelas,
☞ Liver Complaint and Palpitation of the Heart.

*Keep it in your Families—Sickness comes when least expected.*

I propose to check, and effectually dissipate more ache and pain, and to accomplish more perfect equilibrium of all the circulating fluids in the human system, than can be effected by any other, or all other methods of medical aid in the same space of time.

THIS POPULAR REMEDY is fast coming into use, for the fact that I cure, free of charge, all those complaints whenever there is an opportunity to do so. As soon as it is applied it almost miraculously kills the pain. I do not ask you to buy before you are certain of its efficiency. If you have an ache or pain, it is warranted to do all it purports on the label; otherwise the money will be refunded.

I do not propose to cure, *every* disease—only a class named by my directions. My liniment operates on chemical and electric principles, and is, therefore, applicable, to the cure or natural restorative of all organic derangement arising from an improper circulation of the nervous fluids.

Prof. J. H. McEntyre's INDIAN COMPOUND acts directly on the absorbents, reducing glandular and other swellings in incredible short time, *without any possible danger from its use* under any possible circumstances.

This is an internal and external medicine—composed of roots, herbs and barks, such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on earth to cure all complaints if we only know what they were.

This has been a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what proportions to use. J. H. McENTYRE,
Proprietor, Reading, Pa.

For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Huntingdon, Pa., Sept. 6, 1865.

McENTYRE'S

**DANDELION PILLS,**

For all diseases arising from one cause, viz: Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Catarrh in the Head, Weak and disordered Stomach, such as Indigestion, Sick Headache, Giddiness of the Head, Weakness of Sight, Windy Ailments, Rheumatism, and Rheumatic Pains, Pains in the Back or Side, Nervous Debility, Lowness of Spirits, Impurity of the Blood, Blotches or Eruptions of the Body, Gravel, Worms, &c., &c. Sold at 25 cents per box.

McENTYRE'S

*INDIAN VEGETABLE*

**WORM DESTROYER!**

This infallible medicine is warranted to expel worms in all cases and may be given to children of all ages, as they are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless.

☞ Can be had at Lewis' Book store, Huntingdon, Pa

NEW GOODS
*FOR FALL AND WINTER,*
**HENRY STROUSE & CO.**

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in MARKLESBURG, consisting in part of

DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
NOTIONS,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
GROCERIES,
WOOD and WILLOW WARE,
TOBACCO,
SEGARS,
NAILS,
GLASS,
OLD MEAT,
CRACKERS,
PROVISIONS,
FISH,
SALT, &c., &c.

NOW FOR BARGAINS

Also—BONNETS and TINWARE;

And in fact everything usually kept in a first-class country store, which were bought low for cash and will be sold at correspondingly low prices for cash or country produce; and we quest the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and especially our Trough Creek Valley friends.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

☞ Cash paid for all kinds of grain, for which the highest market prices will be given.

HENRY STROUSE & CO.

Marklesburg, Oct. 24, 1865.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration with the will annexed, have been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Dr. John B. Linden, late of, the borough of Huntingdon, deceased. All persons having claims will present them, duly authenticated, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment, as by the terms of the will the estate is directed to be settled as speedily as possible. The books will be at the office of Scott, Brown and Bailey, to whom payment may be made.

JOHN SCOTT,
Administrator.

Huntingdon, Oct 18 65-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[Estate of Columbus Wiser, dec'd.]

*Letters of administration upon the estate of* Columbus Wiser, late of Dublin township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

GEORGE SIPES,
oct. 11, 1865-6t*. Administrator.

STRAY SHEEP.—Two good wethers aged about 2½ years, came to the premises of the subscribers in Porter tp. the middle of June last. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.

oct. 11, 1865.4t EASTON & WILSON ROBB.

READY RECKONER. A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1859. For sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK STORE.*

**CHEAP PUMPS.**

JAMES A. BROWN, Huntingdon, Pa., sells Patent Wooden Pumps for cisterns and wells, from 4 to 60 feet deep, at about one half the usual price for old fashioned pumps. All pumps warranted.
Aug. 3 '64.

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS, Ticking, Linseys, Checks, bleached and brown canton Flannels, miner's Plaid, Wool Flannels &c., &c., at
S. E. HENRY & CO'S.

JUST RECEIVED at S. E. HENRY & CO'S. MAMMOTH STORE, a large stock of fresh sugar cured Hams, side, shoulder and mackerel.

NEW GOODS.
S. E. Henry & Co. have just received their fall stock of goods, which they are selling at very reduced prices. se13

S. E. HENRY & CO. sell all kinds of Iron, sheet iron, Hoop iron, steel, nails, horse shoes, stoves and a variety of Hollow ware.

PAPER! PAPER!!
Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Fl

# The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Nov. 15, 1865.


## LOCAL & PERSONAL.

**To Subscribers.**

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

**Brief Items.**

—In demand already—market baskets.

—In town—Capt. J. A. Doyle, still in the service. He looks well.

—Corn in the ear should be sold by the barrel or basket.

—Several more of our brave boys got home last week.

—Lovely—the weather during the past few days.

—Court commenced this week. The attendance is good.

—"Magnificent," said to be,—the krout and dutch cheese promised us on first market day.

—We understand that the store of R. S. Westbrook was robbed of about $40 one night last week.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company car repair shop in West Huntingdon is under roof.

—Begins to look like a town—West Huntingdon—several new buildings are under roof.

—What our citizens expect—that every farmer who has been feeding them will come to time on Market days.

—Somebody, on Sunday night last, entered the cellar of John Wherley, and borrowed all his provisions.

—For rent on market days "free, gratis, for nothing" to the first who come—the best localities in market square.

—A change has been made in the running time of trains on the Broad Top Railroad. See schedule in advertising column.

—Hogs in this locality are fat for the season's butchering. Their hams, sides, shoulders and sausages will soon attest whether they deceived their looks.

—A protracted meeting of the M. E. Church at McConnellstown, this county, is in successful progress. Ten penitents offered themselves on Saturday night.

—Sharp—a number of farmers who regularly bring a load to town once or twice a week, are delighted with the new Market arrangements. "The early bird catches the first worm."

—Merchants and others who wish to make money during the holidays well know that now is the time to advertise. Tell the people what you have, and they will seek it.

—The quality of stone coal discovered in the neighborhood of Orbisonia, this county, has been tested, and the probabilities are that that locality will become a noted coal region.

—Tyrone, we understand, is soon to have a local newspaper. We have seen the *Herald* flying and the *Stars* dying, that were published there, but we predict for the new star a long existence.

—It is found that the bark of locust trees is poisonous to horses. If it was only discovered that maple trees are also poisonous we would see less hitching horses to them, than is now the case.

—A man, whose name we did not learn, was shockingly bruised on Saturday last by a locomotive, while standing or walking on the track near Tyrone. It is thought he will not recover.

—Fifty cent currency is counterfeited, but can be detected by close observation. So are twenty-five cent notes and even tens. A man that counterfeits such small game will next attempt to circulate real shin plasters.

—Freezing weather has set in, giving our boys, young men, young women, and the skaters generally, bright prospects for an early trial of their speed, and another season of exhilarating sport.

—We give an account in our items about home where a lamp exploded in the absence of the proprietor. It is a bad practice to go out and let the lamp burn with the wick low, and one which will be attended with disastrous consequences if not stopped.

—Almost a frightful accident occurred one day last week. The axle broke of the driving wheels of a locomotive attached to the passenger train, near McConnellstown, which if it had occurred but a few steps further would have occasioned, undoubtedly, loss of life, as it was near a bridge.

—Any person or any persons who find themselves in need of good goods and fashionable goods can be supplied at the cheap wholesale and retail store of B. M. Cunningham & Co., on Railroad street. Don't let the chance slip, but provide for yourself and family before the coldest days of winter set in.

—A general rejoicing among the laboring class, that there will be a chance for them to get something to eat without throwing away half a day to hunt it up. Market days will be a great institution in the "ancient borough" if the farmers will study their own and the interests of our industrious citizens.

## HUNTINGDON MARKET.

AN ORDINANCE *to establish and regulate a Market in the borough of Huntingdon.*

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgesses and Town Council of the borough of Huntingdon, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That it shall and may be lawful to have, hold and keep within the said borough, one market on Tuesday and one on Friday in every week of the year, on that part of Hill street known as "The Diamond." And the hour of opening the market shall be 5 o'clock, a. m., in April, May, June, July, August, and September, and 6 o'clock, a. m., in all other months of the year, and *not earlier*, under a penalty of Five Dollars against each and every person violating the same.

SEC. 2. The Burgesses and Town Council shall appoint a suitable person to Market Master, who shall perform all things belonging to his office, and shall be removable for neglect of duty, and another from time to time appointed and removed as the Council shall find necessary.

SEC. 3. From and after the first day of December, 1865, if any victualer or butcher, or other person, shall on any of the market days or any other day of the week, hawk from door to door, or by any means sell or offer for sale within the said Borough before twelve o'clock, x, any beef, veal, mutton, lamb, goat, kid, pork, venison, wool, cheese, butter, poultry, dead or alive, eggs, fish, vegetables, fruit or other food for the use of man, (unless the same be engaged previous to market day,) at any place or places other than the market place in said Borough, he or they shall forfeit the value thereof; one half to be paid to the market master for the use of the corporation and the other half to the person or persons who shall prosecute within one week after the offence shall have been committed by giving information on oath thereof to any one of the Burgesses. Provided, always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to any person selling within his or her own dwelling house, or to any person offering for sale while alive any cattle, calves, sheep, goats, kids, hogs, shoats, pigs or deer, or to any person selling milk.

SEC. 4. If any person or persons shall buy up, during market hours, any kind of marketing for the purpose of forestalling or retailing in market, such person so offending shall pay for every offence Five Dollars.

SEC. 5. The Market-master shall give his personal attendance on each and every market day, and shall examine by the legal standard all weights and measures used in said market; and shall upon the application of the owner of any wooden measure mark the same with the letters H. M. with a brand iron to be kept by him for that purpose, and such owner shall pay to the said Market-master therefor 5 cents; and upon all metal weights and measures the said Market-master shall stamp the same letters with a stamping iron, also to be kept by him for that purpose, and shall receive from the owner thereof 10 cents for each set of weights and measures by him stamped.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the Market-master to seize, carry away or destroy all weights and measures used in said market place, or on any street, on any day, which upon examination by the legal standard of Avoirdupois weight, liquid and dry measures, shall be found to be deficient; and all provisions which shall be offered for sale according to such false weights and measures shall be immediately seized by the Market-master and forfeited; the one half thereof to the use of the corporation, and the other half to the use of the Market-master; and the said Market-master shall seize and destroy all unsound and tainted provisions which may be offered for sale in said market, or on any street, and the owner thereof shall pay the current price thereof for the use of the corporation upon proof being made to the satisfaction of any two of the Burgesses that the owner thereof knew the said provisions were unsound or tainted before he or she offered the same for sale.

SEC. 7. It shall be the duty of the Market-master to take care of the weights, measures and brand-irons, which have been provided for the use of the corporation; and he shall not apply, nor suffer them to be applied to any other use than that mentioned in this act, and shall be accountable to the Burgesses for the same, and shall deliver up the same to his successor in office.

SEC. 8. The Market-master shall on the last Monday in May and the last Monday in November in every year hereafter deliver in writing to the Burgesses or any two of them a statad account of all moneys by him received in pursuance of the act; and shall on each settlement pay to the Treasurer all moneys in his hands which by this act are appropriated to the use of the corporation.

SEC. 9. All meat or other things usually sold by weight shall be weighed on scales or with scales and weights.

SEC. 10. On application to the Market-master for the purpose, he shall measure all wood sold or offered to be sold by the cord, and shall be entitled to receive from each applicant the sum of 15 cents for each call for measuring one or more cords or any part of one cord; and all wood measuring less than a cord, or less than such part of a cord as the same may be represented to be, or may have been sold for, shall be forfeited; the one half to the Market-master, and the other half to the use of the corporation.

SEC. 11. All articles (unless tainted or unsound) forfeited during market hours shall be seized and sold by the Market-master at public outcry in the market place to the highest bidder, at 12 o'clock of the same day; and all articles forfeited elsewhere shall be sold by the Market-master at public outcry to the highest bidder immediately after the seizure, at any convenient place.

SEC. 12. The Market-master shall see that a passage for vehicles through the market place is kept clear, and that market wagons, &c., are conveniently arranged.

SEC. 13. The Market-master shall for every market day that he attends receive the sum of 50 cents out of the funds of the Borough, to be paid upon an order upon the Treasurer drawn by any two of the Burgesses, in addition to the perquisites arising to him by virtue of this act.

SEC. 14. That if any person or persons shall take by violence or otherwise any articles exposed to sale within the bounds of the market place, and carry away, eat or destroy the same without making full compensation to the owner or owners thereof, he or they shall, besides such compensation, pay a fine of not more than five dollars or less than twenty-five cents, at the discretion of the Burgess before whom the offender shall be tried, which fines shall be recovered by warrant from under the hand and seal of any one of the Burgesses for the use of the corporation

SEC. 15. All ordinances and parts of ordinances, relating to the regulation of markets, heretofore passed, are hereby repealed.

**Fattening Turkeys.**

As this kind of poultry is largely represented in this place and county, preparatory to their being sacrificed as an offering on Thanksgiving day and Christmas, we give the following recipe for fattening the same, which is taken from the *American Agriculturist*:

For each turkey mix a pint of Indian meal with one pint of unbolted wheat flour, and pour boiling water on it, stirring rapidly till it forms thin mush. Place the dish where the fowls can have access to the feed at any time. Let skimmed milk or water be given also. In two weeks they will be fat and oily as butter. They will fatten better to have their liberty in a spacious yard.

*Lamp Explosion.*—A lady resident of Lowistown left a lamp burning in a room with the wick turned low. When she returned she found the room full of smoke and the mantle piece in flames. The lamp had exploded,

## A Trip Northward.

Having occasion last week to go to Lock Haven we (the junior) accordingly repaired thither on Wednesday last. Arrived at Tyrone in the morning at quarter past eight, and took the Tyrone & Bald Eagle cars at quarter of nine. This, it will be recollected, is a new road, but is one which, in the short time of its existence, has well attested its worth and importance by the great numbers of passengers that nightly arrive from the Phila. & Erie intersection at Lock Haven, and from intermediate stations between there and Tyrone. The course of the road is directly through the Bald Eagle valley, and a straighter, better or safer line of travel we have never ridden on. There are none of those frightful curves that you repeatedly turn along some other roads, but the track can be seen for many miles distance behind you It penetrates through a somewhat level, but uncultivated region, though at different sections may be seen the uncouth monuments of the pioneer's progress, and a whole field of stumps was not an unfrequent sight. At times we would stop at named stations, but as usual along all railroads just in their infancy, we were at a loss to see the houses, and consoled ourselves that we didn't miss a sight by thinking that they were only water stations.—Many of the stations along the road between Tyrone and Bellefonte are dubbed with the familiar name of "Furnaces," such as "Bald Eagle Furnace," "Julian Furnace," &c. This led us to believe, (for it must be understood we are not officially or personally acquainted with the geology or topography of that country,) that ore of one or more species abounded. We were informed upon inquiry that coal and iron is discovered in considerable quantities in the valley. But our attention was more than once drawn to a column of smoke curling upward in the midst of a forest at the foot of the mountain to our right. This indicated so many steam saw mills, and if we mistake not they are working successfully.

More than half way up the road the noted town of Bellefonte is reached, and although off the direct route, yet the train is backed up to accommodate the citizens. Not desiring to "locate" for any length of time at this place, no description of course can be expected, but what we did see of it from the railroad presented itself in a creditable aspect, as the town, we understand, is built on a hill, and therefore must let its *lights* shine, not only in Bellefonte, but in our Gubernatorial chair, and as College Presidents. We "back down" in our description of this place, as we backed down to the main line of railroad, and were once more steaming over the *direct* road to Lock Haven.—The country began to look more civilized from Bellefonte northward, and we were led to opine that the star of empire was taking its flight northward instead of nearer home. Fields appeared to feel relieved of their late abundant yield, the Bald Eagle creek to our left babbled merrily by, and, as we passed on, the march of enterprise, industry and necessity had reared in its train a beautiful array of neatly constructed villages, which cling to familiar and gentleman dubbed titles. The railroad still continues level, and with passable speed (which could without danger be perceptibly increased) we journeyed on to Lock Haven, which we reached at quarter past twelve, having traversed the distance of fifty-six miles in about three hours and a half.

LOCK HAVEN

is a beautiful town, and is the county-seat of Clinton. It is situated on the banks of the West Branch of the river Susquehanna, and in time of very high water is subject to a universal baptizing, which results in the promiscuous destruction of everything destructible, or else bearing off everything that gives way in its impetuous course through the streets. This is the great disadvantage there is in having the water so close, or rather of water on a "high." This place, if it never was, should be noted for its substantial architectural buildings, much taste evidently having been displayed in almost every quarter of the town to add to its appearance in this particular and in their surroundings. The streets like those of our own town in this season, are muddy, and need to be paved or macadamized.

The place contains four large steam saw mills which are doing a successful business, several large hotels, the court house, the poor house, two printing offices, several schools, four drug stores, innumerable other places of business, and, withal, fifty (more we think) bar-rooms, which, we trust will soon give way to the attacks of the Temperance society in encouraging operation there. The number of inhabitants is computed at 4000. There is good society, and in the circles where it was our gratification to move, we found the people moral, intelligent and very kind and hospitable. From Lock Haven we took the Philadelphia & Erie cars westward and went to

RENOVO.

This is the place we long desired to see, as here it is where so many of our residents have "gone to seek their fortunes," and we have had the anxiety to see what it was that offered the inducements. We find it a growing, a fast growing place, alive about two years, and when we left it had about 1200 inhabitants, but we would not feel safe in saying what it has now because every train since may have brought in some more. It is situated in Clinton county, about twenty-eight miles west of Lock Haven. The buildings are all frame, with the exception of the Pennsylvania Railroad houses, and the probabilities are that all the rest will be frame until the great demand for house room is satisfied. The town is hemmed in by two large mountains, which will either have to be scaled or removed to give the people place to locate, and the country around being mountainous affords little or no productions, and the citizens are now supplied by market cars from Erie, over a hundred miles distant.

The place contains a large and beautiful depot, where gas sufficient is manufactured to light it, machine shops, the best in the State, a reservoir, several stores, and some hotels and boarding houses. The scenery is beautiful and the climate salubrious. Of the Huntingdon folks there Mr. J. B. Givin has a store, Mr. J. J. Lawrence is Superintendent of the middle division on the Philadelphia & Erie road, and Mr. V. Crouse keeps a boarding house, and many more of the former residents of Huntingdon are employees of the Railroad Company. The citizens are as yet too busy and too unsettled to make themselves acquainted, but we predict the society of the representatives from old Huntingdon will make Renovo a second Huntingdon in this particular, and the citizens will be noted for their generosity, sociableness and good nature.

Our space forbids us giving a more extended account of our trip, but we would advise it as one which to be admired must be experienced.

**Installation of Officers.**

The following are the names of officers installed at the last regular meeting of the standing Stone Lodge, No. 85, I. O. of G. T., of this place, on Tuesday evening:

W. C. T.—G. Barton Armitage.
W. V. T.—Nannie Miller.
W. S.—Hugh Lindsay.
W. A. S.—Lizzie Lewis.
W. T.—Ellie Anderson.
W. F. S.—James E. Greene.
W. M.—John Maguire.
W. D. M.—Ellie Orbison.
W. R. H. S.—Ada Douglas.
W. L. H. S.—Erastus Benedict.
W. I. G.—Nettie Black.
W. O. G.—Howard Crewit.
P. W. C. T.—David Black.

**Farmers Take Notice.**

We publish to-day an Ordinance adopted by the borough fathers on Saturday evening last, and we invite the attention of all farmers to it. Our citizens have found it necessary to establish regular market days, and we believe it will be to the interest of the farmers who sell in our town, as well as to the interest of a large majority of citizens, to live up strictly to the requirements of the Ordinance. We hope there will be a good attendance of market wagons on the first day, as everybody will be prepared to buy.

*New Styles for '66 already on hand.*

THE LARGEST and THE BEST

*STOCK OF NEW STYLES OF*

**WALL PAPER**

Ever received in Huntingdon,

NOW OPEN

And for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

OUR STOCK CONSISTS OF

GILTS, SATINS, BLANKS, BROWNS

of various styles, for

*Parlors, Halls, Dining Rooms, Offices, Bed Rooms, Kitchens, Bar Rooms, &c.*

Paper is on the rise—save 20 per cent. by buying soon.

*It will pay all to buy now for Spring use*

**Especial to Ladies.**

Now that the holidays are coming, people are looking around for suitable presents for their friends, and there seems to be a general anxiety with the public to secure a Photograph Family Record. The agent, Mr. Harrison, finds it difficult to supply everybody.

☞ We clip the following from one of the Philadelphia daily papers.—Our people visiting or sending down to the city, would do well to make a note of it:

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S FINE CLOTHING.—This establishment, located at the corner of Sixth and Market street, Philada., familiarly known as "Oak Hall," is probably the largest and best conducted Ready Made Clothing and Merchant Tailoring House, in the State. Their superior styles, excellent workmanship and moderation in prices have made their house deservedly popular.

In their Custom Department, where elegant garments are made to order, none but the very best artists are employed, and the fine assortment of materials to select from enables every one to be well suited.

Samples will be sent by mail, and instructions for measuring, when written for. no8-2m

## MARRIED,

On Tuesday, 7th inst., by Rev. S. H. Reid, Mr. JOHN J. MYERS, of Mt. Union, to Miss REBECCA C. WHITE, of this place.

On Thursday, 9th inst., by the same, Mr. GEORGE W. DAVID, to Miss ELIZA J. GREENLAND, both of Union township, Huntingdon county.

On November 7, 1865, by Rev. W. Downs, ROBERT B. HARVEY, of Shirleysburg, to Miss SARAH E. ETCHISON, of Mill Creek, Huntingdon county.


NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock. Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual. Huntingdon, Oct- 10, 1865.

HARDWARE

AND

CUTLERY!

AN

IMMENSE STOCK

AND

ENDLESS VARIETY

OF

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.

NOW OPEN

*AND FOR SALE BY*

JAS. A. BROWN,

HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

Huntingdon, oct 17.

NEW CLOTHING

*AT LOW PRICES.*

M. CUTMAN

HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW

*FALL AND WINTER GOODS,*

Which he offers to all who want to be

CLOTHED,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for

MEN AND BOYS,

ALSO,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.

Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.

MANUAL GUTMAN.

Huntingdon May. 17, '65.

NEW STORE, AND NEW GOODS.

CHEAPEST CLOTHING in Town

LEOPOLD BLOOM

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW STYLES OF

*FALL AND WINTER GOODS,*

Which he offers to the public

AT THE CHEAPEST RATES.

His stock consists of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c. &c.

His store is at the

OLD BROAD TOP CORNER, HUNTINGDON, PA.,

Where he will be pleased to receive and accommodate all customers. LEOPOLD BLOOM.

Huntingdon, Oct. 10, 1865.

ATTENTION!

R. S. WESTBROOK & CO.

Would respectfully call the attention of the public to their fresh stock and attractive variety of

GROCERIES,

CONFECTIONERIES,

TOBACCO & SEGARS,

FRUIT, NUTS, TOYS,

And in fact everything generally kept in such a store. They are prepared to sell at the most reasonable prices, and by a close attention to business, and their endeavors to please everybody they hope to gain the good will and patronage of the public.

Their store is located on Hill street, directly opposite the First National Bank, and was formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. Saxton. se6-3m

NOW OPEN,

WHARTON & MAGUIRE'S

NEW

Hardware Store,

IN THE BROAD TOP DEPOT BUILDING.

The public generally are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Huntingdon, June 28, 1865.

Boots and Shoes.

GEO. SHAEFFER

Has just returned from the east with a

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

*BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,*

Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most

REASONABLE PRICES,

and those who purchase once will surely call again.

BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,

and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.

Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. se27

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!

*HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!*

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

*Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.*

all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices. A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, april 12, 1865.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,

CALL AT

DONNELL & KLINE'S

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

*On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.*

CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.

Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65-tf.

New Furniture Establishment.

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture,

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, between Cunningham's Store and Dean's National House, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

☞ Funerals attended at any place in town or country, by J. M. WISE.

Huntingdon, Sept. 24, 1862-tf

BOOK BINDING.

Old Books, Magazines, or publications of any kind, bound to order, if left at

*LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.*

OLD BRASS AND COPPER taken in exchange for goods at the Hardware Store

sept. 3, 1862. JAS. A. BROWN.

1865. CLOTHING. 1865.

H. ROMAN.

NEW

CLOTHING

FOR

FALL AND WINTER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

*CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.*

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

Huntingdon oct 17, '65.

NEW STOCK OF GOODS.

EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO CALL AT

S. S. SMITH'S STORE,

ON HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

THE BEST

SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,

and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store

ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine, Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

and a large number of articles too numerous to mention The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.

S. S. SMITH.

Huntingdon, Oct 17 '65.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.

Z. YENTER,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.

☞ His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Stever. Call and examine.

Z. YENTER.

Huntingdon, Oct 17, 1865.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

25 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN

THE CHEAPEST!

SIMON COHN,

AT COFFEE RUN STATION,

Would respectfully call the attention of his old patrons specially, and the public in general, to his extensive stock of well selected new Goods, just received from the Eastern cities, consisting, in part, of

Dry Goods,
Clothing, Wool
en Ware, Notions,
Hats and Caps, Boots and
Shoes, Bonnets, Shawls, Circulars, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Wood and Willow-ware, Tobacco, Segars, Nails, Glass, Provisions, Oil, Fish, Salt, Tinware, Copper Ware, Drugs and Medicines, Clocks, Watches, &c.,

and all other articles kept in a first class ter store; all selected with the greatest care and which were purchased for cash only, and affords him to sell them at a very low figure. The public will find it to their advantage to call and examine our unsurpassed stock, before purchasing elsewhere. No pains will be spared in showing our Goods. Ladies are specially invited to examine the large stock of fashionable dress goods; Shawls, Circulars, Furs, and a great variety of Woolen Goods, Hosiery, &c. Also, a handsome assortment of LADIES' COATS

All kinds of produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices—Cash not refused. By strict attention to the wants of customers, we hope to receive a continuation of the liberal patronage with which we have been heretofore favored. Come one and all. and TRY.

☞ New Goods received daily.

oct 18 1865. SIMON COHN.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

SIMPSON, ARMITAGE & CO.

HAVING PURCHASED the entire stock of Wm. Colon, we now offer to the public at reasonable prices our immense stock of

MECHANICAL, RELIGIOUS,
SCHOOL,
AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

STATIONERY, POCKET BOOKS, PORTMONAIS, &c.
Also, Latest Styles of

WALL PAPER & WINDOWSHADES,

MAGAZINES, and Daily and Weekly Papers constantly on hand.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to.

CALL AT BROAD TOP CORNER.

Huntingdon, May 3, 1865-1y

WAR FOR THE UNION.

NEW ORLEANS, ST. LOUIS, MEMPHIS, NORFOLK, &c. TAKEN.—ASHBY SLAIN, AND THE BACKBONE OF "SECESH" BROKEN

But while you rejoice at the success of our gallant troops and the prospect of the speedy downfall of the Rebel Army, do not forget to call at the store of

WALLACE & CLEMENT,

before purchasing elsewhere, and see our new stock goods, consisting of

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Boots and Shoes,
Queensware,
Crockery ware,
Tobacco, Segars,
Hams,
Flitch,
Shoulders,
Fish,
Flour,
Salt,

and a general assortment of notions, all of which offered on reasonable terms for cash or produce.

Huntingdon, July 1, 1865.

GOOD NEWS!

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!!

THE success of our armies and the consequent decline in the price of gold and other commodities, enable me to send

*GOOD TIDINGS TO THE BLACKSMITHS,*

and all others who buy IRON, STEEL, NAILS, &c.

Having moved my store to the large and commodious Bricker Store Room, I have received a large assortment of WAGON TIRE, HORSE SHOE IRON, round and square BAR IRON, bought from the makers since the decline in gold, which I am selling at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

All persons wishing to buy IRON, STEEL, NAILS, LOCKS, PAINTS, GLASS, or any kind of HARDWARE for cash, will save money by sending their orders, or calling at the Hardware Store of

April 5, '65. JAMES A. BROWN, Huntingdon, Pa.

M'MANIGAL'S LIVERY STABLE.

MONTGOMERY STREET,

*Between the Baptist and Catholic Churches,*

HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE PUBLIC GENERALLY are informed that the subscriber is prepared at his New LIVERY STABLE, to accommodate all with

*HORSES, BUGGIES, & CARRIAGES*

at reasonable rates, on short notice.

HENRY M'MANIGALL.

Huntingdon, March 8, 1865-1y.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

E. O. & G. W. COLDER.

HAVING entered into co-partnership in the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that they will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.



Alexandria, Jan. 18. 1865-tf.

☞ Fine Cigars and Tobacco for sale at Lewis' Book Store

FOR SALE.

ONE new trotting BUGGY, one good CARRIAGE, and one MARE, three years old next spring. LEOPOLD BLOOM.

Huntingdon, Oct 25, 1865.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

*PERSONAL PROPERTY.*

Will be sold at my farm in Franklin township, Spruce creek,

On Wednesday, November 15th, 1865,

the following personal property, viz:—3 mares, 2 colts, 1 Durham bull, cows, heifers, calves, 9 sheep, 1 chester white boar, 2 sows, 2 threshing machines and horse powers, straw cutter, buckeye mower, and a lot of farming utensils too tedious to mention. GEO. B. PORTER.

oct24

PUBLIC SALE of REAL ESTATE

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, the undersigned will offer for sale on the premises,

On FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10th, 1865,

AT ONE O'CLOCK, P. M., all the interest of Mary V. and Lavinia C. Wallace, minor children of Robert P. Wallace, deceased, in that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Franklin township, lying on the bank of the Juniata river, and opposite the old site of Union Furnace, and adjoining lands of John Dysart on the north, Daniel Shultz on the east, Alexander Stewart on the south, and John Dysart on the west; containing about

72 ACRES, MORE OR LESS.

TERMS OF SALE:—One half of purchase money to be paid upon confirmation of sale, and the other half thereof in one year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

J. M. GEMMILL,
Guardian

☞ We, the heirs of Robert P. Wallace, of full age, will at the same time and place, offer our interest at sale, and will join with the said Guardian in the conveyance of the above mentioned tract of land, upon the same terms as above mentioned

SAMUEL T. WALLACE, HENRY S. WALLACE,
JOHN H. WALLACE, SUSAN WALLACE.

Oct. 18, '65-td.

FOR SALE.

THE RUINS OF THE LATE ALEXANDRIA FOUNDRY.

THE undersigned, not feeling to rebuild the Foundry now offers for sale the ruins and all property saved. The building was a stone structure,—The Moulding room was 44x 46; Warehouse, Engine and Lathe rooms were 20 x 47; the walls of which are still standing and were but little injured by the fire. The engine, boiler and stack are perfect, the cupola is also standing uninjured. There is a large stock of valuable patterns, consisting of rolling mill, grist mill, forge and furnace patterns; a large stock of flasks for all kinds of work, a full set of large and small crank and handles, the largest of which is capable of holding twenty hundred. The ground connected with the Foundry is one acre and fifteen perches, on which there is erected a frame building used as a pattern house and wagon and carriage houses.

ALSO,

Three houses and lots, having fruit, &c., all of which will be sold cheap. Terms easy to suit the purchaser. For further particulars apply in person or by mail to

R. C. McCULLY,
Alexandria, Huntingdon county
oct.11 Penna.

A FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscribers will offer at private sale a farm situated in Jackson township, containing about

TWO HUNDRED ACRES,

one hundred and forty of which are cleared, and the balance well timbered with pine, oak and chestnut. The improvements consist of a good dwelling house, bank barn, blacksmith shop, corn house, wagon shed, and other necessary out buildings.

A branch of Stone Creek runs through the premises, and a spring of good and never failing water near the house. A good apple orchard, and a number of young peach trees are also on the farm.

This is a desirable location, well adapted to the raising of stock, and is convenient to schools and churches.

For further information inquire of the undersigned living on the farm.

JOSEPH DUFF,
SAMUEL DUFF.

oct-1m

Farm For Sale.

THE HEIRS of Joseph Reed will sell at private sale a valuable limestone farm containing

157 Acres, 141 Perches,

and allowances, situate in WEST TOWNSHIP, Huntingdon county, Pa., one mile from Petersburg, which is on the line of the Penna. Railroad.

About 120 acres are cleared and in good state of cultivation, including some 25 acres in meadow. The remaining part is well timbered and is every acre available for farming purposes.

There are on it a large well finished brick house, a large bank barn, one tenant house, a brick spring house, carriage house, wagon shed and corn crib.

Also, an excellent apple and peach orchard. The fences are good, including nearly 700 panels post and rail fence.

On the farm are three never failing springs of the best limestone water, and a running stream passing through one corner of the barnyard. This presents a rare chance to obtain a productive, first quality farm.

For further particulars call upon or address, previous to October 20th, the undersigned.

T. B. REED, Petersburg, Hunt. co.
se19 JAMES A. BROWN, Huntingdon.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned will sell forthwith at reasonable price the following real estate situate in DUBLIN Township, Huntingdon county, belonging to Mrs. Eliza M. Pym:

No. 1.—Adjoining lands of James Neely, William Stewart, and others, containing one hundred and sixteen acres and sixty-five perches, more or less.

No. 2.—Adjoining lands of James Neely, James Kelly, and James Cree, containing seventeen acres, more or less.

No. 3.—Adjoining the above and containing seventeen acres and thirty-six perches, part whereof is cleared.

The real estate above mentioned was purchased by Mrs. Eliza M. Pym at Sheriff's sale of the property of William Campbell.

Any person wishing to purchase the above properties can ascertain the full particulars and terms of sale by calling on H. C. Robson, Esq., of Shade Gap, or

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY.

Huntingdon July 12, 1865. Attys. for E. M. Pym.

LOTS FOR SALE

IN

WEST HUNTINGDON, PA.

APPLY TO

WM. DORRIS, JR.,
*Agent for J. E. Thomson.*

Huntingdon, June 20, 1865.

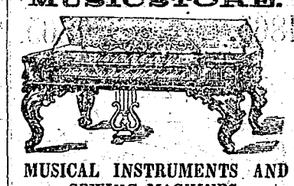
Farm For Sale.

THE undersigned offer the Farm on which they reside, in West township, Huntingdon county, at private sale. It is situated three miles from Petersburg, and the same distance from Railroad and canal. It contains three hundred and forty-nine acres and allowance, good buildings, and about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, and well adapted for a stock farm.

J. S. MAGUIRE,
RACHEL MAGUIRE.

april19, 1864-tf.

MUSIC STORE.



MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has just opened his Music Store, one door west of W. Lewis' Book Store, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GABRILE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Flies, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
se27 One door west of Lewis' Book Store

FRUIT TREES,

ORNAMENTAL TREES,

SHADE TREES,

GRAPE VINES,

PLANTS, &C.,

At the nurseries of Taylor & Cremer

Who offer their stock of well grown and thrifty TREES, VINES, PLANTS, &c., at their old prices. The expense of grafting and planting this stock having been incurred before the outbreak of the rebellion when the price of labor was low, they can afford to sell these Trees at 50 per cent. less than they can sell the same kind of trees next year. While other Nurserymen have raised their prices about 50 per cent., these still sell at the old rates this year; that is to say—Apple Trees, $15, $18, and $20 per hundred, according to size, &c. Standard Pear 50 to 75 cents each. Dwarf Pear, 50 to 75 cents each, and $30 to $45 per hundred. Plum and Apricot, at 40 to 50 cents each. Also, Peach, Cherry, Quince and other trees; Grape Vines, Lawton Blackberry, Raspberry, and Strawberry plants, Dahlia roots, and Shade and Ornamental Trees—all at the old rates.

Money invested in fruit trees is sure to

# LADIES' FANCY FURS,

AT

## JOHN FAREIRA'S

*OLD ESTABLISHED*

**Fur Manufactory**

718 ARCH Street, above Seventh,

PHILADELPHIA.

I have now in store of my own Importation and Manufacture, one of the LARGEST and most BEAUTIFUL selections of

**Fancy Furs,**

for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S WEAR, in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very REASONABLE PRICES and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Huntingdon county and vicinity.

☞ Remember the Name, Number and Street!

JOHN FAREIRA.

718 ARCH Street, above 7th, South side,

PHILADELPHIA.

se27–4m

☞ I HAVE NO PARTNER, NOR CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE IN PHILADELPHIA.

PENNSYLVANIA

# PAINT AND COLOR WORKS.

## Liberty White Lead!

## Liberty White Lead!

TRY IT! TRY IT!

Warranted to cover more surface, for same weight, than any other Buy the best, it is the cheapest.

TRY IT! TRY IT!

Liberty Lead is whiter than any other.
Liberty Lead covers better than any other.
Liberty Lead wears longer than any other.
Liberty Lead is more economical than any other.
Liberty Lead is more free from impurities and is Warranted to do more and better work, at a given cost, than any other.

**Buy the Best, it is the Cheapest.**

Manufactured and warranted by

**ZIEGLER & SMITH,**

**Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers,**

137 *North Third Street, Philada.*

oct11,1865

1865. PHILADELPHIA 1865.

## Wall Papers, &c.

HOWELL & BOURKE,

MANUFACTURERS OF

**Paper Hangings & Window Shades,**

*N. E. Corner Fourth & Market sts.*

PHILADELPHIA.

N. B.—Always in store a large stock of LINEN and OIL SHADES.

Philadelphia, Aug. 23–3m.

## HENRY HARPER,

520 Arch st., Philada.

WATCHES,
FINE JEWELRY,
SOLID SILVERWARE,
and superior
SILVER PLATED WARE.

oct11–3m

## I. K. STAUFFER,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

No. 148 North SECOND Street, corner of Quarry,

*PHILADELPHIA.*

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver & Plated Ware constantly on hand,

*SUIABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!*

☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to.

H. M'BURNEY. E. P. THOMPSON

## M'BURNEY & THOMPSON,

WHOLESALE

**GROCERS**

AND

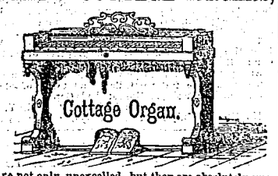
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

**No. 148 Market st.**

*PHILADELPHIA.*

ul y12,1865–3m.

## ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS,




Are not only unexcelled, but they are absolutely unequalled by any other Reed Instrument in the country.—Designed expressly for Churches and schools, they are found to be equally well adapted to the parlor and drawing room.

For sale only by E. M. BRUCE,
No. 18 North SEVENTH street, Philadelphia.

☞ Also, BRADBURY'S PIANOS, and a complete assortment of the PERFECT MELODEON. se17–1y

JAMES H. ELDREDGE. GEO. P. ELDREDGE.

## ELDREDGE & BRO.,

**Publishers, Stationers, Booksellers,**

*No. 17 and 19 South Sixth Street,*

(Above Chestnut,) PHILADELPHIA.

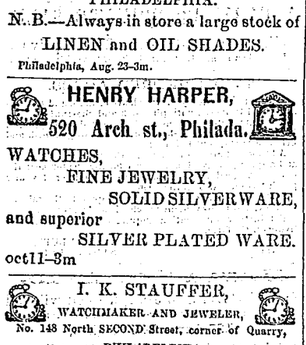
Particular attention paid to the country trade.

Always on hand a large supply of Letter, Cap, Note, Bill, and Wrapping Paper; Envelopes; School and Miscellaneous Books; Pens, Ink, Slates, Mucilage, Photograph Albums, Paper Bags, &c., &c., &c.

Liberal terms to cash customers. aug28'65–1y

1865. 1865.

## THE "VICTOR"



## CANE MILL.

NEW. TRIUMPHANT AT STATE FAIRS!

COOK'S

## SUGAR EVAPORATOR.

MOST RAPID EVAPORATOR IN THE WORLD!

"SORGO HAND-BOOK," FREE.

CANE SEED, by the lb or bushel, FOR SALE AT COST!

Prince & Co's New AUTOMATIC ORGANS. The greatest triumph of the age!

New style MELODEONS, with improvements.

Grover & Baker's FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

*Send for Circulars, &c. Free.*

A. B. BRUMBAUGH,

*Sole Agent,*

aug9–9m James Creek, Huntingdon co., Pa.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Hill treet, Huntingdon, Pa.

Huntingdon, May 16 1865. WM. WILLIAMS.

# Electricity.

DR. BREWSTER HAS OPENED an office in Huntingdon, Pa.; and has cured, and further pledges himself to cure a class of diseases acknowledged to be incurable by any known process of medication, diseases that never have, nor never can be controlled, only by his mode of applying the various modifications of Electricity.

The Doctor does not wish to convey the impression that he cures all diseases in all conditions; he does not wish to shock the sense of the public by asserting that he can cure pulmonary consumption after the lungs are half decayed, but he pledges himself to cure every case of pulmonary consumption in the early and middle stage, and every other disease where a sufficient amount of vitality remains for reaction.

Electricity is always safe in the hands of an experienced operator. The currents are perfectly under control, and can be regulated to suit the delicate nerves of a child without any unpleasant sensation.

☞ All those who have long suffered from painful and obstinate diseases!

☞ All those who have been given up by other Physicians!

☞ All those who have been dismissed as incurable from hospitals!

ARE INVITED TO CALL.

Electricity, unlike Medicine, is capable of producing all the changes necessary to cure any disease, when applied from proper polarities The following are among the diseases our system of practice has proved especially successful in curing.

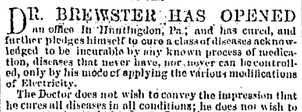
**Diseases Cured by Electropathy.**

Amaurosis; Aphony, loss of voice, &c.; Asthma; Ague Chills, fever and ague; Atrophy; nervous consumption; Atony of the stomach, Amenorrhœa, suppressed menses; All mercurial diseases; Bites of poisonous insects or animals; Bronchitis; stone or gravel in Bladder; Consumption; Chlorosis, green sickness: Concussion of brain; Contraction of chest; stricture of limbs, Cholic, from different causes; Cramps or spasms, chronic or acute; Congestive diseases of all kinds, Coren; St. Vitus dance; Coldness of feet and hands; Cancers, in certain stages; Copper colored cuticle, or blotches; Catarrh; Diptheria; Deformed limbs straitened, Deafness, from paralysis of accoustic nerve; Dizziness or drowsiness; Dropsy; Diabetes; Dyspepsia, in all its forms; Dismenorrhœa; painful menstruation; Difficult respiration; Enlargement of joints; Earache; Epilepsy, falling sickness; Fits, from different causes; Gastrition, irritation of the stomach; Gout; Goitre- or swelled neck; Glandular swellings; Hemiplegia; Hemorrhage, from different causes; Hysteria, irritable spine, &c.; sick or nervous Headache; Insanity; Inflamed or sore eyes; Incontinence of urine; torpid state of Liver; Lungs, hemorrhage of, congestion of, &c.; Lockjaw; Liver, enlargement of; Leuchorrhœa; flour albus; whites; Mental depression; Muscular contraction; Menstruation, derangement in; Monomania; Milkleg; Numbness, from injuries or otherwise; Neuralgia; Nocturnal emissions; Old sores, indolent ulcers; Ozena, in some of its forms; Paraplegia; Palsy, numb or shaking. Paralysis, in whatever part; Poisoning; Palpitation of the heart; Prostration from various causes; Prolapsus uteri, &c., Prolapsus ani, or piles; excessive Perspiration; suspended Perspiration; Pulmonary apoplexy; Rush of Blood to the head; Rheumatism, acute or chronic; Restlessness; Swelled Tonsils; Sore Throat, from any cause; Salt rheum; Scrofula; Spinal diseases, curvature, &c.; Ovarian Tumors; &c.; Tremens, do. Hirium, or at death, Tetanus, or lockjaw, Uterine misplacements, Uterine weakness; Weak Eyes, &c.; White swellings. WM. BREWSTER, M. D.,

oct 4,1865 Huntingdon, Pa.

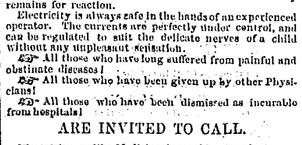
Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

For sale by Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.




All the Medical men and the Presses recommend Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture as the only certain remedy for Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is a combination of Astringents, Absorbents, Stimulants and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.

For sale by Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.




Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

For sale by all Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUSNESS AND DEBILITY.

Dr. STRICKLAND'S TONIC.—We can recommend those suffering with loss of Appetite, Indigestion, or Dyspepsia, Nervousness or Nervous Debility, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it strengthens the whole nervous system; it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

For sale by Druggists generally, at $1 per bottle. Prepared by Dr. A. Strickland, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOHN REED, Agent, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. VENARD'S

## STAR MAGIC LINIMENT.

**$1000.** REWARD will be paid for any medicine that excels this for the following diseases:

**Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Affections, Contracted Joints, Cholic Pains, Pains in Side or Back, Toothache, Headache, Sprains, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, and all Diseases of the Muscles, Skin and Glands.**

This is an Internal and External Medicine, composed of Roots, Herbs and Barks such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints, if we only knew what they were. This has been a subject for constant study with the Medical Faculty for a great many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what portions to use.

This wonderful remedy needs no recommendation save the results which invariably follow its application.

☞ This popular remedy is fast coming into use from the fact that it gives good satisfaction.

☞ PHYSICIANS are invited to test its efficacy in all cases of Rheumatism, Affections of the Spinal Column, and all Diseases of the Skin, Muscles and Glands. It has been used in thousands of instances under the personal supervision of the inventors, and has never disappointed their expectations. All we ask for it is a trial—experimental proof—not the testimony of the men of straw, are the vouchers we desire to present to the public.

It would be well for many now lying in beds of torture, if these facts could reach their sick chambers. It is more important to them than to the inventors that this should be the case. "Truth is mighty and must prevail."

☞ Keep it in your family, for sickness comes when you least expect it.

PRICE--ONE DOLLAR.

SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,

*SOLE AGENT, HUNTINGDON, PA.*

Huntingdon, Pa., July 19, 1865.

ESTABLISHED IN 1840.

Incorporated by the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania.

*Located on the N. W. Corner of 7th and*

(701) *Chestnut sts.* (701)

Designed exclusively to impart a thorough and PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION.

All classes of persons require such an education. Those possessing means, need it in conducting *their own* business Those without means need it in obtaining and creditably filling lucrative positions in the *employ of others.*

The course of instruction and practice is arranged so as to fully meet the diversified wants of every department of DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN TRADE,

as comprehended or embraced under the three general divisions of Industry: Agriculture, Manufacture and Commerce.

Each student is instructed individually in both theory and practice of Book Keeping, according to the most approved and labor saving methods. Business Penmanship, Calculations, and all the collateral branches of a complete course of business education; and upon passing a satisfactory examination is awarded, by authority of law, a diploma, under the corporate seal of the college.

Students are received at any time. And it is believed that a practical experience of over TWENTY YEARS will be considered by the public an ample guarantee of the practical character of the course and efficiency of the instruction.

All further information desired can be obtained at the college, or by addressing the Principal for a circular by mail.

☞ A liberal discount is allowed to wounded and honorably discharged soldiers. The college is open day and evening.

T. H. POLLOCK, Atty-at-Law,

jy12,1865 Principal.

LIQUORS, of the best, for Medicina purposes at S. S. SMITH'S.

FOR THE LADIES.

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.*

## PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILE

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to

**SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,**

under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as

*ATTORNEYS AT LAW—HUNTINGDON, PA.*

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.

May 17, 1865–tf.

## GEO. W. SWARTZ,

Clock & Watch Maker,

At the old stand of Swartz & McCabe,

HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA.

my10,1865–6m

## LAW ASSOCIATION.

The undersigned have associated themselves together in the practice of the law in Huntingdon, Pa. Office in the one now, and formerly occupied by J. Jowell Stewart, adjoining the Court House.

A. W. BENEDICT.
J. SEWELL STEWART.

July 20, 1864.

## Exchange Hotel,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

WM. C. McNULTY, PROPRIETOR,

Formerly of the Franklin Hotel, Chambersburg.

TERMS LIBERAL.

may3, 1865–1y.

## THE JACKSON HOTEL,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

HENRY SMITH, Proprietor.

Huntingdon, Aug. 23, 1865.

## Auctioneer.

JOHN MEGAHAN informs the public that he has taken out a license to cry sales at any place in the 17th Congressional district. Address him at Riddlesburg, Bedford county, or Postmaster at James Creek, Huntingdon, county. se26-3m

J. D. CAMPBELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office in the Brick Row, nearly opposite the Court House. [April 15, 1863.

W. A STEPHENS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

OFFICE.—In Treasurer's room in Court House—up stairs.

Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1863.

R. ALLISON MILLER,

*DENTIST,*

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.

Office removed to opposite the store of D. P. Gwin, in the square, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. April 13, 1864.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Read's Drug Store. Aug. 26, '65.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectionories, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

C. LONG & CO., Dealers in Candies, Nuts, Family Groceries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

HENRY STROUSE & CO., Markles burg, Pa., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

LEOPOLD BLOOM, Huntingdon, Pa, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats, Caps, &c.

GEORGE SHAEFFER, Boot and Shoe Merchant, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

Z. YENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

SIMON COHN, Coffee Run, Dealer in Dress Goods, Groceries, Wood and Willow Ware.

J. B. SHONTZ & BRO., Marklesburg, Dealers in Ready Made Clothing, Jewelery, &c.

SIMPSON, ARMITAGE & CO., Dealers in Books and Stationery, Huntingdon, Pa.

DONNELL & KLINE, PHOTOGRAPHERS, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. WM. BREWSTER, Huntingdon. [Cures by Electropathy.]

HENRY M'MANIGALL, Proprietor of Livery stable, Washington street, Huntingdon.

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Huntingdon.

S. SHOEMAKER, Agent for the Magic Star Liniment, Huntingdon, Pa.

A. P BRUMBAUGH, Agent for the Victor Cane Mill, &c., James Creek, Hunt. co., Pa

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

BILL POSTER.

The undersigned offers his services to business men and others desiring circulars distributed or handbills posted. He can be seen at the GLOBE office.

Huntingdon, Aug. 16, 1865. JOHN KOPLIN.

## AGENCY,

FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1863.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS,
For sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

TRACING MUSLIN,
DRAFTING AND DRAWING PAPER
*White and Colored Card Paper,*
For sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.*

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at D. P. GWIN'S.

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

BLANK BOOKS,
OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE*

ENVELOPES—
By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

SCHOOL BOOKS,
Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at
*LEWIS' BOOK, AND STATIONERY STORE.*

# BOOKS

## For Sale at Lewis' Book Store,

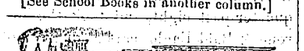
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Annals of the Army of the Cumberland.
Rebel Invasion of Maryland and Pennsylvania, and the Battle of Gettysburg.
Pictorial History of the Wars of the U. S.
Washington and his Generals.
Kane's Arctic Explorations, 2 volumes.
Webber's Wild Scenes and Wild Hunters.
Field's Scrap Book.
Coal and Coal Oil, by Eli Bowen.
Chambers Information for the People, 2 Vols.
Life and Public Services of Abr'm. Lincoln.
Partons Life of Andrew Jackson, 3 volumes.
General Butler in New Orleans, by Parton.
Jackson and New Orleans, by Alex. Walker.
Irving's Life of Washington, 5 volumes.
Life of John Fitch, by Thompson Westcott.
Smucker's Life & Times of Alex. Hamilton.
Taylor's Life and Travels of Von Humboldt.
Opportunities for Industry and Capital, or 1000 Chances to Make Money.
Freedley's Practical Treatise on Business.
Sinding's History of Scandinavia.
Walker's Rhyming Dictionary.
Good's Book of Nature.
Ovid, [literally translated,] by H. T. Riley.
Beauties and Achievements of the Blind.
Stewart's Freemason's Manual.
Webb's " Monitor.
Davis' " "
Cross' Masonic Chart.
Shakespeare's Complete Works.
What Can Woman Do, by T. S. Arthur.
The Withered Heart, do.
The Deserted Wife, by Mrs. E. Southworth.
Pencil Sketches, by Miss Leslie.
The Lawyer's Story, by J. A. Maitland.
Diary of an Old Doctor, do.
The Wanderer, do.
Adam Bede, by George Elliot.
Courtship and Matrimony, by Robert Morris
Parisian Pickings, by Julie De Marguerittes
Richard Penn Smith's Miscellaneous Works
Morse Shoe Robinson, by J. P. Kennedy.
Father and Daughter, by Fredrika Bremer.
Fashion and Famine, by Mrs. Ann Stephens
Mary Derwent, do.
Peculiar, by Epes Sargent.
Anecdotes of Love, by Lola Montez.
Age of Chivalry, by Thomas Bulfinch.
Tale of a Tub, &c., &c., by Dean Swift.
The Initials, a Story of Modern Life.
The Methodist, by Miriam Fletcher, 2 vols.
The World's Laconics; or Best Thoughts of Best Authors, in Prose and Poetry.
Robert Houdin, the Magician, by Mackenzie
Skirmishing, a Novel.
Letters to Young Ladies, by Rev. J. Bennett
Ladies' Guide to Perfect Gentility.
Dime Book of Etiquette.
The Reason Why—Natural History.
Daring and Suffering, by Lieut. Pittenger.
Titcomb's Letters to Young Folks.
" Lessons in Life.
" Letters to the Joneses.
" Gold Foil.
" Bitter Sweet.
The Trial, or More Links of the Daisy Chain
Book of Nonsense, by Edward Lear.
Nasby Papers, [Comico-Politico-Religico.]
The Ladies' Work-Table Book.
Zulu Land, by Rev. Lewis Grout.
Dutch and English Testament.
Bunyan's Pilgrim Progress.
" Holy War.
The Three Mrs. Judson's and other Daughters of the Cross, by Rev. D. Eddy.
Strickland's Life of Jacob Gruber.
Shadow on the Hearth, by Rev. N. Rice.
Defence of Armageddon, by F. E. Pitts.
The Great Consummation, by Cummings.
Louis Napoleon and the Battle of Armageddon, by Rev. M. Baxter.
Condensed Concordance to the Scriptures.
Thoughts of Favored Hours, by J. Copely.
Cobbet's 13 Sermons on Great Sins.
Headley's Sacred Plains.
McIlvaine's Evidences of Christianity.
Dealings with the Dead.
Slavery Viewed from the Bible Stand-Point, by Rev. J. M. Adair.
Union Bible Dictionary.
The Broken Bud, or the Reminiscences of a Bereaved Mother.
Bomberger on Infant Salvation and Baptism.
The Death of Little Children, by S. Prime.
The Morning of Life.
The Faded Hope, by Mrs. L. H. Sigourney.
The Guardian Angels, or Friends in Heaven, by Mrs. Sarah Gould.
The Daughter of Affliction, a memoir of the Protracted Sufferings and Religious Experience of Miss Mary Rankin.
Barnes' Family Prayers.
Jay's Family Prayers.
Fleetwood's Life of Christ.
Shelley's Poetical Works.
Affection's Gift for the Loving and the Loved, by J. Cole Hagen.
The New Fortune Teller, or the Poetical Fate Book.
Mrs. Hale's Receipts for the Million.
The Philadelphia Housewife, or Family Receipt Book.
Widdifield's New Cook Book.
Sayer's Standard Cookery.
Miss Acton's Modern Cookery.
Dime Cook and Recipe Books.
Household Economy, by M. G. St. Jean.
The Family Doctor, by Prof. Taylor, M. D.
Downing's Fruit and Fruit Trees of America.
The Farm; Manual of Practical Agriculture
The Garden, do do Horticulture
The Barnyard, a Manual of Cattle, Horse, and Sheep Husbandry.
A Method of Increasing the Yield of the Milch-Cow, by John Nefflen.
Mayhew's Illustrated Horse Management.
" " Doctor.
The Horse and His Diseases, by Jennings.
Rarey's Practice of Horse Taming.
Both Sides of the Grape Question.
Mysteries of Bee-Keeping, by M. Quinby.
Economic Cottage Builder, by C. P. Dwyer.
Bannan's Wages and Labor Calculator.
Scribner's Ready Reckoner and Log Book, for Lumber Merchants, Ship Builders and Boat Builders.
Scribner's Assistant for Farmers, Millers, Produce Dealers and Mechanics.
Rohrer's Practical Calculator.
Engineers' and Mechanics' Pocket Book, by Chas. H. Haswell.
Arrowsmith's Paper Hanger's Companion.
The Company Clerk, by Capt. A. V. Kautz.
United States Army Regulations.
Infantry and Cavalry Tactics.
Tax Law and Stamp Duty Cards.
Pocket Maps of United States, Pennsylvania, and the Western States.
Mitchell's New Traveller's Guide through the United States and Canadas.
Constitution of the United States.
Freedley's Legal Adviser.
Everybody's Lawyer, by Frank Crosby.
The Secret Out, or 1000 Tricks with Cards, and other Recreations.
Book of Drawing-Room Plays, by S. Steele.
The Sociable, or 1001 Home Amusements.
Hoyle's Games: Chess, Backgammon, &c.
Checker's Simplified and Explained by D. Scattergood.
Spectropia; or Surprising Spectral Illusions, showing Ghosts everywhere, and of any Color, with Sixteen Illustrations.
Dime, and other Letter-Writers.
The Teacher, (Phonographic.)
The Reporter's Companion, (Phonographic.)
Pitman's Manual of Phonography.
How to Talk, a Manual of Conversation and Debating.
Walker's Elocution and Oratory.
McElligott's American Debater.
Whately's Selection of Synonyms.
Davies' Logic and Utility of Mathematics.
Gilfillan's Literature and Literary Men.
Brown's Grammar of English Grammars.
Page's Theory and Practice of Teaching.
Holbrook's Normal Method of Teaching.
Wickersham's School Economy.
Elocutionary Manual, by Hiram Corson.
Mangnall's Comprehensive Summary of History, &c., &c., &c.

☞ Also, an assortment of Juvenile and Cheap Publications.

Anthon's Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.
Sander's German and English Primer.
Northend's Little Speaker.
Dime Speakers and Dialogues.
Fowne's Elements of Chemistry.
Reese's " Zoology.
Lambert's Anatomy and Physiology.
Worcester's Ancient and Modern History.
Teacher's Guide to Illustrations: to accompany Holbrook's School Apparatus.
How to use Globes, by F. C. Brownell.
The Natural Spelling Teacher.
Sherwood's Speller and Pronouncer.
Hann's Elements of Spherical Trigonometry
Key to Bonnycastle's Algebra.

[See School Books in another column.]



## PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

*FALL ARRANGEMENT.*

| WESTWARD. MAIL. | DAY EXPRESS. | EXPRESS. | EXPRESS. | STATIONS. | EASTWARD MAIL. | DAY EXPRESS. | MAIL. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| P. M. | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. | | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. |
| 5 17 | 4 50 | 11 58 | ..... | N. Hamilton, | 3 11 | ..... | 8 39 |
| 5 25 | 4 58 | 12 08 | ..... | Mt. Union, | 3 04 | 10 01 | 8 30 |
| 5 35 | ..... | 12 20 | ..... | Mapleton, | 2 54 | ..... | 8 20 |
| 5 43 | 5 16 | 12 29 | ..... | Mill Creek, | 2 48 | 9 46 | 8 13 |
| 5 50 | 5 31 | 12 48 | 6 48 | Huntingdon, | 2 36 | 9 35 | 8 00 |
| 6 16 | 5 46 | 1 08 | ..... | Petersburg, | 2 19 | 9 20 | 7 42 |
| 6 23 | ..... | 1 20 | ..... | Barree, | 2 11 | ..... | 7 34 |
| 6 31 | 6 02 | 1 32 | ..... | SpruceCreek, | 2 05 | 9 07 | 7 27 |
| 6 49 | ..... | 1 54 | ..... | Birmingham, | 1 55 | ..... | 7 10 |
| 6 58 | 6 20 | 2 05 | 7 39 | Tyrone, | 1 46 | 8 44 | 6 58 |
| 7 08 | 6 30 | 2 20 | ..... | Tipton, | 1 36 | ..... | 6 48 |
| 7 14 | ..... | 2 28 | ..... | Fostoria, | 1 31 | ..... | 6 42 |
| 7 19 | 6 50 | 2 35 | ..... | Bell's Mills, | 1 27 | 8 23 | 6 37 |
| 7 40 | 7 10 | 3 00 | 8 15 | Altoona, | 1 10 | 8 10 | 6 20 |
| P. M. | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. | | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. |

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Eastward, leaves Altoona at 9 40 P. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 11 01 P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 2 35 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 3 57 A. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 30 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 A. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 44 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 P. M.

## READING RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

JULY 20, 1865.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00 and 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., arriving at New York at 10 00 A. M., and 3 00 and 10 30 P. M.

The above connect with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad; and sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 and 8 15 a. m. trains, without change.

Leave for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal stations only.

Way Trains, stopping at all points, at 7 25 A. M., and 4 40 P. M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, and 8 P. M. Philadelphia at 8 A. M., and 3 30 P. M; Pottsville at 8 15 A. M., and 2 35 P. M.; Tamaqua at 3 15 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., and Reading at 1 a. m., 7 25 and 10 45 A. M., 1 38 and 6 05 P. M.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6,00 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 5.00 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 6 and 10 55 A. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 P. M., Philadelphia, 3 15 P. M., Pottsville 7 30 A. M., Tamaqua 7 A. M., Harrisburg 8 15 A. M., and Reading at 1 00 a. m., for Harrisburg.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.

Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Reading, July 19, 1865. *General Superintendent.*

## HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Wednesday, JUNE 14, 1865, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

| SOUTHWARD TRAINS. EXPRESS. | SOUTHWARD TRAINS. MAIL. | STATIONS AND SIDINGS. | NORTHWARD TRAINS. EXPRESS. | NORTHWARD TRAINS. MAIL. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| P. M. | A. M. | | P. M. | A. M. |
| LE 6 10 | LE 8 00 | Huntingdon, | AR 12 01 | AR 6 20 |
| 6 27 | 8 17 | McConnellstown, | 11 44 | 5 47 |
| 6 34 | 8 24 | Pleasant Grove, | 11 37 | 5 50 |
| 6 48 | 8 39 | Marklesburg, | 11 23 | 5 59 |
| 7 02 | 8 52 | Coffee Run, | 11 10 | 6 22 |
| 7 09 | 8 59 | Rough & Ready, | 11 02 | 6 13 |
| 7 21 | 9 11 | Cove, | 10 49 | 6 05 |
| 7 25 | 9 15 | Fisher's Summit, | 10 45 | 5 00 |
| AR 7 40 | AR 9 30 | Saxton, | LE 10 30 | LE 4 45 |
| LE 7 50 | LE 9 40 | | AR 10 20 | AR 43.6 |
| 8 10 | 10 00 | Riddlesburg, | 10 06 | 4 15 |
| 8 18 | 10 08 | Hopewell, | 9 52 | 4 07 |
| 8 30 | 10 20 | Piper's Run, | 9 40 | 3 55 |
| 8 45 | 10 35 | Hamilton, | 9 25 | 3 40 |
| 8 57 | 10 47 | Bloody Run, | 9 13 | 3 28 |
| AR 9 00 | AR 10 50 | Mount Dallas, | 9 10 | LE 3 25 |

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| LE 10 40 | | Saxton, | AR 9 20 | 4 30 |
| 0 55 | | Coalmont, | 9 05 | 4 15 |
| 11 00 | | Crawford, | 8 55 | 4 05 |
| AR 11 10 | | Dudley, | LE 8 50 | 4 00 |
| | | Broad Top City, | | |

Huntingdon June 14, 1865. OLIVER AYERS, Supt.

## 1865. THE 1865.

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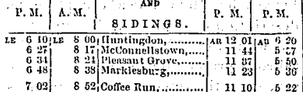

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